# SDGs Data Availability Status Report

#### Goal 1. End poverty in all its forms everywhere

		Da	ta Source		Baseli	ne Data		Current	Minimum		
SDG Indicator	Tier Classification	Institution (Ministry/ Division/ Agency)	Activity (Survey/Census/ Administrative/ MIS/AI/Big Data/IoT)	Reporting Frequency	Data	Year	Source	Status (Year & Source)	Disaggregation Dimensions and Categories	Deadline for Data providing	Remarks
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1.1.1 Proportion of population below the international poverty line, by sex, age, employment status and geographical location (urban/rural)	Tier I	WB (BBS)	PovcalNet (HIES)	Triennial	14.77%	2016	PovcalNet, WB	14.77% (PovcalNet, WB, 2016)	Sex: male/female     Age: 15 years and over/ 15 to 24 years/ 25 years and older     Employment status     Geographical location	June, 2021	<ul> <li>Estimate for Bangladesh is based on HIES data.</li> <li>BBS will input data subject to published by WB.</li> <li>Disaggregated data are not available.</li> </ul>
1.2.1 Proportion of population living below the national poverty line, by sex and age	Tier I	BBS	HIES	Triennial	UPL: 24.3% LPL: 12.9%	2016	HIES, BBS	UPL: 21.8% LPL: 11.3% (HIES Projection, 2018, BBS)	Sex: male/female     Age     Geographical location: rural, urban	June, 2021	DPP for HIES 2020 has been sent to Planning Commission for approval
1.2.2 Proportion of men, women and children of all ages living in poverty in all its dimensions according to national definitions	Tier II	BBS	MICS	Triennial	-	-	-	-	• Sex: male/female • Age	December, 2019	Child focused MPI has been estimated based on MICS 2012-13. Next C-MPI will be calculated based on MICS 2019.
1.3.1 Proportion of population covered by social protection floors/systems, by sex,	Tier II	BBS	HIES/ NHD	Triennial	28.7%	2016	HIES, BBS	28.7% HH (HIES, 2016)	• Sex: male/female • Age: children/	June, 2021	Coverage of social protection floors/systems is wider which



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1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
distinguishing children, unemployed persons, older persons, with disabilities, pregnant women, newborns, work-injury victims and the poor and the vulnerable									retirement age Income quintiles: Employment status: unemployed/ retired Disability: severe disabilities collecting disability social protection benefits Pregnancy: mothers receiving maternity benefits and benefits for new- borns Work injury victims: Income: income quintiles		need to be addressed in future  DPP for HIES 2020 has been sent to Planning Commission for approval
1.4.1 Proportion of population living in households with access to basic services	Tier II	BBS	MICS/HIES	Triennial	Sanitation: 55.9% Hygiene: 59.1% Clean Fuel: 9.9% Antenatal Health care: 58.7% Primary completion rate: 79.5%	2012-13	MICS, BBS	Electricity: 85.5% (2017) (SVRS, BBS)	Income     Sex: male/female	June, 2019	• This is an index based on HH size, drinking water service (6.1.1), Sanitation service (6.2.1), Hygiene facilities (6.2.1), Electricity (7.1.1), Clean fuels (7.2.1), Rural & Urban Mobility (9.1.1 & 11.2.1), Liquide and Solid Waste collection (11.6.1), Health care, Education (4.1.1)



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1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
											and Broadband internet; all the indicators should be generated from same survey.
1.4.2 Proportion of total adult population with secure tenure rights to land, (a) with legally recognized documentation, and (b) who perceive their rights to land as secure, by sex and type of tenure	Tier II	BBS	Agriculture census	Triennial	-	-	-	-	<ul> <li>Sex: male/female</li> <li>Type of tenure</li> <li>Income</li> <li>Geographical location: rural, urban, subnational levels</li> </ul>	December, 2020	Data will be collected through Agriculture Sample Census 2019.
1.5.1 Number of deaths, missing persons and directly affected persons attributed to disasters per 100,000 population	Tier II	BBS	BDRHS	Five-yearly	Affected Persons: 12,881per 100,000 people in 2014	2015	BDRHS, BBS	-	<ul> <li>Income</li> <li>Event</li> <li>Hazard family: IRDR classification</li> <li>Disaster-related victims: dead, missed, directly affected</li> <li>Age</li> <li>Hazard type</li> <li>Sex: male/female</li> <li>Location of residence: sub- national administrative unit</li> <li>Other characteristics:</li> </ul>	December, 2020	DPP is has been sent to Planning Commission for approval.



		Dat	ta Source		Baselin	e Data		Current	Minimum		
SDG Indicator	Tier Classification	Institution (Ministry/ Division/ Agency)	Activity (Survey/Census/ Administrative/ MIS/AI/Big Data/loT)	Reporting Frequency	Data	Year	Source	Status (Year & Source)	Disaggregation Dimensions and Categories	Deadline for Data providing	Remarks
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1.5.2 Direct economic loss attributed to disasters in relation to global gross domestic product (GDP)	Tier II	BBS	BDRHS	Five-yearly	1.3% of GDP in 2014	2015	BDRHS, BBS	-	<ul> <li>Income</li> <li>Event</li> <li>Hazard type</li> <li>Hazard family: IRDR classification</li> <li>Asset loss category: health, education, road</li> </ul>	December, 2020	<ul> <li>DPP is has been sent to Planning Commission for approval.</li> </ul>
1.5.3: Number of countries that adopt and implement national disaster risk reduction strategies in line with the Sendai Framework for Disaster Risk Reduction 2015-2030	Tier I	MoDMR	National Progress Reports of the Sendai Monitor reported to UNISDR	Triennial	MoDMR has prepared Disaster Risk Reduction Strategies of Bangladesh (2016-2020) in line with the Sendai Framework for Disaster Risk Reduction 2015-2030 and other international protocol ratified by the Government of Bangladesh.	2015	MoDMR	-	income city: sub-national administrative units	December, 2021	● To be updated by MoDMR
1.5.4: Proportion of local governments that adopt and implement local disaster risk reduction strategies in line with national disaster risk reduction strategies	Tier II	a) LGD b) MoDMR	Administrative data	Triennial	-	-	-	-	• income	August, 2020	LGD should consult with MoDMR for adaptation and implementation of local disaster risk reduction strategies
1.a.1: Proportion of domestically generated resources allocated by the government directly to poverty reduction programmes	Tier III	FD	Administrative data	Annual	-	-	-	-		July, 2020	Metadata yet to be finalised



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1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1.a.2: Proportion of total government spending on essential services (education, health and social protection)	Tier II	FD	Administrative data	Annual	Health: 5.1% Education: 13.71% SP: 14.99%	2015	FY 15, FD	-		January, 2019	• FD should update data for FY 2017-18
1.a.3: Sum of total grants and non-debt-creating inflows directly allocated to poverty reduction programmes as a proportion of GDP	Tier III	a) ERD b) FD	Administrative data	Annual	-	-	-	-		January, 2020	Metadata yet to be finalised
1.b.1: Proportion of government recurrent and capital spending to sectors that disproportionately benefit women, the poor and vulnerable groups	Tier III	a) FD b) MoWCA	Administrative data	Annual	-	-	-	-		January, 2020	Metadata yet to be finalised

### Goal 2. End hunger, achieve food security and improved nutrition and promote sustainable agriculture

		D	ata Source		Basel	ine Data		Current	Minimum		
SDG Indicator	Tier Classification	Institution (Ministry/ Division/ Agency)	Activity (Survey/Census/ Administrative/ MIS/AI/Big Data/IoT)	Reporting Frequency	Data	Year	Source	Status (Year & Source)	Disaggregation Dimensions and Categories	Deadline for Data providing	Remarks
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
2.1.1 Prevalence of undernourishment	Tier I	BBS	HIES	Triennial	16.4%	2016	FAO	15.2 (2017) (The State of Food Security and Nutrition 2018, FAO)	Depending on survey design, possible:  sex: male/female Income classes Geographical location	July 2020	This is an index based on different indicators.
2.1.2 Prevalence of moderate or severe food insecurity in the population, based on the Food Insecurity Experience Scale (FIES)	Tier II	BBS	FIES	Bi-annual	-	-		14.3 (2017) (The State of Food Security and Nutrition 2018, FAO)	depending on survey design:  location  income: household income composition  sex: male/female  age  education of household head	July 2020	DPP for FIES     Project is under     approval.
2.2.1 Prevalence of stunting (height for age <-2 standard deviation from the median of the World Health Organization (WHO) Child Growth Standards) among children under 5 years of age	Tier I	BBS	MICS	Triennial	36.1%	2014	BDHS	31% (BDHS Preliminary Findings, 2017)	<ul> <li>age: under 5 years old</li> <li>wealth</li> <li>mothers' education</li> <li>residence</li> </ul>	August 2019	MICS 2019     preliminary data     will be published     by August, 2019.      BDHS, 2017 has     not published yet.
2.2.2 Prevalence of malnutrition (weight for height > +2 or <-2 standard deviation from the median of the WHO Child Growth Standards) among children under 5 years of age,	Tier I	BBS	MICS	Triennial	a) Wasting: 14.3% b) Overweight: 1.6%	a) 2014 b)2012- 13	a) BDHS b) MICS	Wasting: 8% (BDHS, Preliminary findings 2017)	Malnutrition:     wasted/overweight     age: under 5 years     old	August 2019	MICS 2019     preliminary data     will be published     by August, 2019.



		D	ata Source		Baseli	ne Data		Current	Minimum		
SDG Indicator	Tier Classification	Institution (Ministry/ Division/ Agency)	Activity (Survey/Census/ Administrative/ MIS/AI/Big Data/IoT)	Reporting Frequency	Data	Year	Source	Status (Year & Source)	Disaggregation Dimensions and Categories	Deadline for Data providing	Remarks
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
by type (wasting and overweight)								Overweight: 1.4% (2017) (The State of Food Security and Nutrition 2018, FAO)	<ul><li>wealth</li><li>mothers' education</li><li>residence</li></ul>		BDHS, 2017 has not published yet
2.3.1 Volume of production per labour unit by classes of farming/pastoral/forestry enterprise size	Tier II	BBS	Agriculture Sample Census/Agriculture Survey	5-Yearly	-	-	-	-		December 2020	<ul> <li>Agriculture         Sample Census         will be conducted         in 2019     </li> </ul>
2.3.2 Average income of small-scale food producers, by sex and indigenous status	Tier II	BBS	Agriculture Sample Census/Agriculture Survey	5-Yearly	-	-	-	-		December 2020	Agriculture     Sample Census     will be conducted     in 2019
2.4.1 Proportion of agricultural area under productive and sustainable agriculture	Tier II	BBS	Survey on Agricultural Area Under Productive and Sustainable Agriculture	Triennial	-	-	-	-		December 2020	<ul> <li>Pilot Survey on Agricultural Area Under Productive and Sustainable Agriculture is being conducted by BBS in 2019.</li> </ul>
2.5.1: Number of plant and animal genetic resources for food and agriculture secured in either medium or long-term conservation facilities	Tier I	a) <mark>MoA</mark> b) <mark>MoFL</mark> c) MoST d) MoEF	Administrative data	Bi-annual	BARI: 8,384 BRRI: 7,420 BINA: 1,700 BJRI: 6,012 BSRI: 1136 CDB: 520 BFRI: 260 (Fisheries) BFRI: 18,000 (Forests) BTRI: 475	2015	МоА	BFRI April/2019 ((Fisheries) - 260 Fresh Water fishes BLRI: April-2019 Animal-33 Plant-44	<ul> <li>plants/animals:         plants/ animals</li> <li>geographic location:         global, national,         regional</li> </ul>	January 2019	BFRI and BLRI data not yet authenticated by BBS.



		D	ata Source		Baseli	ine Data		Current	Minimum		
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1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
					BSRTI: 68 BLRI: Animal -20 Plant-15						
2.5.2: Proportion of local breeds classified as being at risk, not-at-risk or at unknown level of risk of extinction	Tier I	a) BARI, MoA b) MoFL	-	Bi-annual	No. of threatened crops: 47 No. of landraces crops: 35 (BARI, 2015) No. of risk fish: 17 BFR! No. of risk fish- 64 BLR! 5 animal species at risk	2015  BFRI: 2015  BLRI: 2017	BFRI IUCN (2015) BLRI	BFRI: April 2019 18 fish species conserved BLRI: April 2019 5 animal species at risk	level of risk of     extinction: risk, not-     at-risk and     unknown level		BFRI and BLRI data not yet authenticated by BBS
2.a.1 The agriculture orientation index for government expenditures	Tier I	BBS	NAW	Annual	0.72	2013	FAO	-		July 2019	
2.a.2: Total official flows (official development assistance plus other official flows) to the agriculture sector	Tier I	ERD	Fiscal Year	Annual	215 MUS\$	FY15	ERD	171.40 (ERD, FY 2017- 18)	<ul> <li>type of flow: ODA, OOF</li> <li>donor country</li> <li>recipient country</li> <li>type of finance</li> <li>type of aid</li> </ul>	September 2019	
2.b.1: Agricultural export subsidies	Tier I	a) MoC b) FD c) FID (BB)	-	Annual	0.00 MUS\$	-	-	-		January 2019	
2.c.1 Indicator of food price anomalies	Tier II	BBS	Prices and Wages Section, NAW	Annual	Consumer Food Price Index: (-) 0.20 Rice: 0.60 Wheat: (-) 0.70	2016	FAO	Consumer Food Price Index: 1.20 Rice: 1.60	<ul> <li>Market</li> <li>Commodity: Rice, Wheat</li> <li>Geographical Location: National,</li> </ul>	December 2019	



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1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
								Wheat: 0.60 (2017, FAO)	Sub-National, Regional Level		

### Goal 3. Ensure healthy lives and promote well-being for all at all ages

		Data	ı Source		Baseline Dat	a					
SDG Indicator	Tier Classification	Institution (Ministry/ Division/ Agency)	Activity (Survey/Census/ Administrative/ MIS/AI/Big Data/IoT)	Reporting Frequency	Data	Year	Source	Current Status (Year & Source)	Minimum Disaggregation Dimensions and Categories	Deadline for Data providing	Remarks
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
3.1.1: Maternal Mortality Ratio	Tier I	BBS	SVRS	Annual	181	2015	SVRS	172 Rural: 182 Unban: 157 (SVRS, 2017)	Geographical location:     global, country, regional	July 2019	
3.1.2: Proportion of births attended by skilled health personnel	Tier I	BBS	MICS	Annual	42.1%	2014	BDHS	72.3% Rural: 65.2% Urban: 83.8% (SVRS,2017); 50 (BMMHCS, 2016)	• geographical location: urban, rural	July 2019	As BDHS,2017 has not published yet, we have provided data from alternative sources.
3.2.1: Under-five mortality rate	Tier I	BBS	CMNS/ MICS	Annual	36	2015	SVRS	31 (Both Sexes)  Sex wise disaggregation: Male: 32 Female: 29  Location wise: Rural: 33 Urban:27  Division Wise: Barishal: 44 Chottogram: 26 Dhaka: 30 Khulna: 23 Rajshahi: 34 Rangpur: 32 Sylhet: 33 (SVRS,2017))	Geographical location: regional level or minimum provincial level Sex: male/female Age: neonatal, infant, child Income: wealth quintile Mothers' education	July 2019	



		Data	Source								
SDG Indicator	Tier Classification	Institution (Ministry/ Division/ Agency)	Activity (Survey/Census/ Administrative/ MIS/AI/Big Data/IoT)	Reporting Frequency	Data	Year	Source	Current Status (Year & Source)	Minimum Disaggregation Dimensions and Categories	Deadline for Data providing	Remarks
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
3.2.2: Neonatal mortality rate	Tier I	BBS	SVRS	Annual	20	2015	SVRS	17 (Both Sexes)  Sex wise disaggregation: Male: 18 Female: 17 Location wise: Rural: 17 Urban: 17  Division wise: Barishal: 22 Chottogram: 11 Dhaka: 18 Khulna: 14 Rajshahi: 23 Rangpur: 19 Sylhet: 18 (SVRS,2017)	geographical location:     regional level or minimum provincial level     sex:     male/female     age: neonatal, infant, child     income: wealth quintile     mothers' education     neonatal mortality cause: preterm birth complication, pneumonia, diarrhoea	July 2019	
3.3.1: Number of new HIV infections per 1,000 uninfected population, by sex, age and key populations	Tier I	a)DGHS (NASP), MoHFW b) IEDCR, MoHFW c) UNAIDS		Annual	0.04 (Women 15-49 years: <0.1%, Men 15-49 years: <0.1%)	2016	UNAIDS	Bangladesh <0.01 (All ages) 0.02 (adults 15-49 years) (UNAIDS,2017)	• sex: female, male, both • age: <15, 15-24, 15-49, >50 • key populations: men who have sex with men, sex workers, people who	January 2019	



SDG Indicator Classification		Data	Source		Baseline Data	1					
SDG Indicator	Tier Classification	Institution (Ministry/ Division/ Agency)	Activity (Survey/Census/ Administrative/ MIS/AI/Big Data/IoT)	Reporting Frequency	Data	Year	Source	Current Status (Year & Source)	Minimum Disaggregation Dimensions and Categories	Deadline for Data providing	Remarks
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
									inject drugs, transgender people, prisoners • geographical location: place of residence • mode of transmission: mother-to child		
3.3.2 Tuberculosis incidence per 100,000 population	Tier I	BBS	HMSS	Annual	287	2016	NTP	221 (Global Tuberculosis Report, WHO,2017)	• sex: male/ female • age: children, adults	July 2019	As the updated data from NTP is not available, we have provided data from alternative source. (DGHS)
3.3.3 Malaria incidence per 1,000 population	Tier I	BBS	HMSS	Triennial	4.3	2015	МСР	1.58 Malaria positive cases/1,000 population (in endemic areas) (Health Bulletin, 2017)		July 2019	
3.3.4 Hepatitis B incidence per 100,000 population	Tier I	BBS	HMSS	Triennial	-	-	-	-		July 2019	
3.3.5: Number of people requiring interventions	Tier I	a) CDC Unit, <mark>DGHS,</mark> <mark>MoHFW</mark>	-	Annual	49,873,889	2016	WHO	47,484,224 (Health SDG Profile:	• type of disease • age: 1-4, 5-14,	January 2019	



		Data	Source		Baseline Date	1					
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1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
against neglected tropical diseases		b) WHO						Bangladesh, WHO,2018)	15		
3.4.1 Mortality rate attributed to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes or chronic respiratory disease	Tier I	BBS	SVRS	Annual	18%	2016	WHO	21.6% (Health SDG Profile: Bangladesh, WHO,2018)	• type of disease: cancer, cardiovascular disease, chronic respiratory disease, diabetes • sex: female, male, both	July 2019	There is need to reset the target and Baseline due to methodological and definition change of WHO for this indicator(DGHS)
3.4.2: Suicide mortality rate	Tier I	a) BP, PSD, MoHA b) NIPORT, MoHFW	-	Annual	7.1	2015	PSD	-	age     sex: female,     male, both	July 2019	
3.5.1: Coverage of treatment interventions (pharmacological, psychosocial and rehabilitation and aftercare services) for substance use disorders	Tier III	a) DNC, SSD, MoHA	-	Annual	16,416	2015	DNC	22,212 (DNC, 2016) 25355 (DNC, 2017) 38035 (DNC, 2018)		July 2019	



		Data	Source		Baseline Dat	a					
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1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
3.5.2: Harmful use of alcohol, defined according to the national context as alcohol per capita consumption (aged 15 years and older) within a calendar year in litres of pure alcohol	Tier I	a) DNC, SSD, MoHA b) MIS, DGHS, MoHFW	-	Annual	0.2	2016	WHO	0.083 (DNC, 2015) 0.085 (DNC, 2016) 0.084 (DNC, 2017) 0.083 (DNC, 2018)	• sex: male/female • age: 15 years old and over	July 2019	
3.6.1 Death rate due to road traffic injuries (per 100,000 population)	Tier I	BBS	SVRS	Annual	2.49%	2015	PSD	<del>-</del>	<ul> <li>types of road users</li> <li>age</li> <li>sex: male/female</li> <li>income: income groups</li> <li>WHO regions</li> </ul>	July 2019	
3.7.1 Proportion of women of reproductive age (aged 15—49 years) who have their need for family planning satisfied with modern methods	Tier I	BBS	MICS	Annual	72.6%	2014	BDHS	59.2% (SVRS, 2017) 70.3 % (BDHS, 2017-18)	<ul> <li>age: 15 to 49         years old</li> <li>geographical         location</li> <li>marital status</li> <li>socioeconomic         status</li> <li>other         categories</li> </ul>	July 2019	



		Data	Source		Baseline Date	a					
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1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
3.7.2 Adolescent birth rate (aged 10—14 years; aged 15— 19 years) per 1,000 women in that age group	Tier I	BBS	SVRS	Annual	75	2015	SVRS	Tracer-11. Tobacco: 10-14 yrs: 1 15-19 yrs: 342 (SVRS, 2017) 15-19 yrs: 108 (BDHS 2017-18)	<ul> <li>age: 15 to 49 years old</li> <li>education</li> <li>number of living children</li> <li>marital status</li> <li>socioeconomic status</li> <li>geographical location</li> <li>other categories</li> </ul>	July 2019	
3.8.1: Coverage of essential health services (defined as the average coverage of essential services based on tracer interventions that include reproductive, maternal, newborn and child health, infectious diseases, noncommunicable diseases and service capacity	Tier I	a) DGHS, MoHFW b) NIPORT (BDHS), MoHFW c) HEU, MoHFW d) WHO e) MICS, BBS f) SVRS, BBS g) STEP Survey, NIPSOM		Annual	52	2016	WHO	50 (Health SDG Profile: Bangladesh, WHO,2018)	• type of essential health service • income	August, 2019	There is need to reset the target and Baseline due to methodological and definition change of WHO for this indicator



		Data	Source		Baseline Data	1					
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1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	g	10	11	12
and access, among the general and the most disadvantaged population)											
3.8.2 Proportion of population with large household expenditures on health as a share of total household expenditure or income	Tier I	BBS	HIES	Triennial	Disagreegation         10%         25%           National         24.67         09.53           Rural         26.05         10.22           Urban         21.00         07.71           Poorest 20% (q1)         24.05         09.36           Second poorest 20% (q2)         24.55         09.30           Middle 20% (q3)         24.91         10.04           Second richest 20% (q4)         25.92         09.70           Richest 20% (q5)         23.92         09.24	2016	HIES	Disagreegation         10%         25%           National         24.67         09.53           Rural         26.05         10.22           Urban         21.00         07.71           Poorest 20% (q1)         24.05         09.36           Second poorest 20% (q2)         24.55         09.30           Middle 20% (q3)         24.91         10.04           Second richest 20% (q4)         25.92         09.70           Richest 20% (q5)         23.92         09.24           H1ES, BBS, 2016         13.9% (10% threshold)         (Health SDG Profile:           Bangladesh, WHO,2018)		December 2010	
3.9.1: Mortality rate attributed to household and ambient air pollution	Tier I	a) DGHS, MoHFW b) DIFE, MoLE c) WHO	-	Triennial	68.2	2012	WHO	-	• sex: male/female • age • type of disease	January 2019	
3.9.2: Mortality rate attributed to unsafe water, unsafe sanitation and lack of hygiene (exposure to	Tier I	a) DGHS, MoHFW b) WHO c) SVRS, BBS d) HMSS, BBS	-	Annual	5.96		WHO	-	<ul> <li>geographical location</li> <li>income groups: wealth quintile</li> </ul>	January 2019	



		Data	Source		Baseline Dat	a					
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1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
unsafe Water, Sanitation and Hygiene for All (WASH) services)											
3.9.3: Mortality rate attributed to unintentional poisoning	Tier I	a) DGHS, MoHFW b) WHO	-	Annual	5.72	2016	WHO	0.3 (per 100,000 population) (Health SDG Profile: Bangladesh, WHO,2018)	age     sex:     male/female     type of disease	January 2019	There is need to reset the target and Baseline due to methodological and definition change of WHO for this indicator
3.a.1 Age- standardized prevalence of current tobacco use among persons aged 15 years and	Tier I	BBS	GATS, HMSS	Triennial	43.3% 29.58%	2009	GATS, WHO HMSS	35.3% (GATS, 2017, BBS) 29.58% (HMSS, 2014)	• age • sex: male/female	July 2019	
older 3.b.1: Proportion of the target population covered by all vaccines included in their national programme	Tier I	a) DGHS (EPI Coverage Evaluation Survey), MoHFW b) NIPORT (BDHS), MoHFW	BDHS	Triennial	78%	2014	BDHS	(HMSS, 2012)  82.3% (≤12 months old children)  86.8% (≤23 months old children)  (EPI-CES,2016)	• geographical location: regional, national, potentially sub-national		BDHS 2017-18 Draft Key Indicator Report ready for dissemination
3.b.2: Total net official development assistance to medical research	Tier I	a) <mark>ERD</mark> b) MoHFW	Fiscal Year	Annual	177.4 MUS\$	FY15	ERD	202.70 (ERD, FY 2017-18)	• donor • recipient country • type of finance	January 2019	



		Data	Source		Baseline Dat	a					
SDG Indicator	Tier Classification	Institution (Ministry/ Division/ Agency)	Activity (Survey/Census/ Administrative/ MIS/AI/Big Data/IoT)	Reporting Frequency	Data	Year	Source	Current Status (Year & Source)	Minimum Disaggregation Dimensions and Categories	Deadline for Data providing	Remarks
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
and basic health sectors									<ul><li>type of aid</li><li>health subsector</li></ul>		
3.b.3: Proportion of health facilities that have a core set of relevant essential medicines available and affordable on a sustainable basis	Tier II	NIPORT (BHFS), MoHFW	BHFS	Triennial	- -	-	-	-		December 2020	This information may be obtained from the BHFS Final Report, which may be available by August 2019
3.c.1: Health worker density and distribution	Tier I	a) MIS, DGHS, MoHFW b) WHO	HRH Data Sheet	Annual	(a) 7.4 (b) 1: 0.5: 0.2	(a) 2016) (b) 2014	(a) (WHO (b) MoHFW)	(a) 8.3 (HRD unit, HRH Country profile, 2017, MOHFW)  (b) Physician 1: Nurse 0.56: Health Technologist 0.40 (HRD unit, HRH Country profile, 2017, MOHFW)	<ul> <li>profession:         physicians,         pharmaceutical         , nursing and         midwifery,         dentistry</li> <li>type of         country: 'DCs/         LCDs/ SMIDs</li> <li>national level         data</li> </ul>	January 2019	
3.d.1: International Health Regulations (IHR) capacity and health emergency preparedness	Tier I	a) DGHS, MoHFW (NHCMC&CR) b) WHO	-	Annual	87.5	2016	WHO	78 (Health SDG Profile: Bangladesh, WHO,2018)		January 2019	There is need to reset the target and Baseline due to methodological and definition change of WHO for this indicator



### Goal 4. Ensure inclusive and equitable quality education and promote lifelong learning opportunities for all

		Da	ta Source		Ва	seline [	Data				
SDG Indicator	Tier Classification	Institution (Ministry/ Division/ Agency)	Activity (Survey/Census/ Administrative/ MIS/AI/Big Data/IoT)	Reporting Frequency	Data	Year	Source	Current Status (Year & Source)	Minimum Disaggregation Dimensions and Categories	Deadline for Data providing	Remarks
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
4.1.1 Proportion of children and young people (a) in grades 2/3; (b) at the end of primary; and (c) at the end of lower secondary achieving at least a minimum proficiency level in (i) reading and (ii) mathematics, by sex	Tier II	BBS	LAS	Triennial	(c) End of lower Secondary Reading: Bangla — Total: 54 B: 55, G: 54, English — Total:19 B: 22, G:18, Math - Total: 57 B: 62, G: 52	2015	LASI, DSHE	(c) End of lower Secondary Reading: Bangla — Total: 54 B: 55, G: 54, English — Total: 19 B: 22, G:18, Math Total: 57 B: 62, G: 52, (LASI, DSHE, 2015)	<ul> <li>sex: female, male, both</li> <li>age</li> <li>ethnicity</li> <li>disability</li> <li>location</li> <li>socio-economic status</li> </ul>	Jan-19	
4.2.1: Proportion of children under 5 years of age who are developmentally on track in health, learning and psychosocial wellbeing, by sex	Tier II/III	BBS	MICS	Triennial	-	-	-	-	<ul> <li>migrant status</li> <li>age</li> <li>sex: male/female</li> <li>caregiver education</li> <li>place of residence</li> </ul>		Concern regarding 0-2 years aged children is pending
4.2.2 Participation rate in organized learning (one year before the official primary entry age), by sex	Tier I	BBS	LAS	Triennial	Total:39% Boys: 38% Girls: 40%	2015	APSC	Boys: 33.7% Girls: 34.9% (WDI, 2016)	• sex: male/female • age	Jan-19	
4.3.1 Participation rate of youth and adults in formal and non-formal education and training in the previous 12 months, by sex	Tier II	BBS	LAS	Triennial	(a) Secondary Total: 72.78 Girls: 77.84 Boys: 67.75	c) 2015 d) 2015	c) BES d) BTEB	(a) Secondary Total: 72.78 Girls: 77.84 Boys: 67.75	• sex: male/female • age • type of education	Dec, 2019	



		Da	ta Source		Ba	seline D	ata				
SDG Indicator	Tier Classification	Institution (Ministry/ Division/ Agency)	Activity (Survey/Census/ Administrative/ MIS/AI/Big Data/IoT)	Reporting Frequency	Data	Year	Source	Current Status (Year & Source)	Minimum Disaggregation Dimensions and Categories	Deadline for Data providing	Remarks
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
					(b) Higher Secondary Total: 38.99 Girls: 35.86 Boys: 42.12 (c) Tertiary Total: 15.03 Girls:12.11 Boys:17.83 (d) Technical Education Total: 14%			(b) Higher Secondary Total: 38.99 Girls: 35.86 Boys: 42.12 (c) Tertiary Total: 15.03 Girls:12.11 Boys:17.83 (BES, 2015) (d) Technical Education Total: 14% (BTEB, 2015)	• location • income		
4.4.1 Proportion of youth and adults with information and communications technology (ICT) skills, by type of skill	Tier II	BBS	LAS/ICT Use Survey	Triennial	a) Computer 15-24yrs: 9.4% 25-74yrs: 5.7% b) Internet 15-24yrs: 10.6% 25-74yrs: 7.5% c) Mobile 15-24yrs: 91.4% 25-74 yrs: 86.7%	2013	BBS	a) Computer 15-24 yrs: 9.4% 25-74 yrs: 5.7% b) Internet 15-24 yrs: 10.6% 25-74 yrs: 7.5% c) Mobile 15-24 yrs: 91.4% 25-74 yrs: 86.7% (BBS, 2013)	<ul> <li>age</li> <li>sex: male/female</li> <li>location</li> <li>socio-economic status</li> </ul>	Dec-19	
4.5.1 Parity indices (female/male, rural/urban, bottom/top wealth quintile and others such as disability status, indigenous peoples and conflict-affected, as data become available) for all education indicators on this list that can be disaggregated	Tier I/II/III depending on indice	BBS	EHS	Triennial	a) Primary GPI: 1.02 b) Secondary GPI: 1.15 Rural: 1.19 Urban: 1.09 c) Higher Secondary GPI:	2015	APSC for Primary and BES for others	b) Secondary GPI: 1.18 Rural: 1.21 Urban: 1.11 c) Higher Secondary GPI: 0.98 Rural: 1.00 Urban: 0.96	<ul> <li>sex: male/female</li> <li>geographical location</li> <li>wealth</li> <li>disability</li> <li>indigeneity</li> </ul>	Dec-20	



		Da	ta Source		Ba	seline D	ata				
SDG Indicator	Tier Classification	Institution (Ministry/ Division/ Agency)	Activity (Survey/Census/ Administrative/ MIS/AI/Big Data/IoT)	Reporting Frequency	Data	Year	Source	Current Status (Year & Source)	Minimum Disaggregation Dimensions and Categories	Deadline for Data providing	Remarks
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
					0.85 Rural: 0.86 Urban: 0.84 d) Tertiary GPI: 0.65 e) Technical GPI: 0.38 f) Disability GPI (6-10): 0.61 g) Teacher (Secondary) GPI: 0.26 h) Teacher (Tertiary) GPI: 0.21			d) Tertiary GPI: 0.67 e) Technical GPI: 0.39 f) Disability GPI (6-10): 0.62 g) Teacher (Secondary) GPI: 0.27 h) Teacher (Tertiary) GPI: 0.23  [AES, BANBEIS, 2016]	• conflict- affected:		



		Da	ta Source		Ba	seline D	ata				
SDG Indicator	Tier Classification	Institution (Ministry/ Division/ Agency)	Activity (Survey/Census/ Administrative/ MIS/AI/Big Data/IoT)	Reporting Frequency	Data	Year	Source	Current Status (Year & Source)	Minimum Disaggregation Dimensions and Categories	Deadline for Data providing	Remarks
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
								GPI: 0.26  [AES, BANBEIS, 2017]			
4.6.1 Proportion of population in a given age group achieving at least a fixed level of proficiency in functional (a) literacy and (b) numeracy skills, by sex	Tier II	BBS	LAS	Triennial	-	-	-	-	<ul> <li>sex: female, male, both</li> <li>age: 15-64, 16-65</li> <li>type of skill: literacy, numeracy</li> <li>location</li> </ul>	July, 2019	



		Da	ta Source		Ва	seline D	)ata				
SDG Indicator	Tier Classification	Institution (Ministry/ Division/ Agency)	Activity (Survey/Census/ Administrative/ MIS/AI/Big Data/IoT)	Reporting Frequency	Data	Year	Source	Current Status (Year & Source)	Minimum Disaggregation Dimensions and Categories	Deadline for Data providing	Remarks
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
									• income		
Indicator 4.7.1: Extent to which (i) global citizenship education and (ii) education for sustainable development, including gender equality and human rights, are mainstreamed at all levels in: (a) national education policies; (b) curricula; (c) teacher education; and (d) student assessment	Tier III	a) MoE b) MoPME	-	Triennial	-	-	-	-	education policy:     national     education     policies/     curricula/ teacher     education/     students'     assessment     global citizenship     education/     education for     sustainable     development	Dec-20	
4.a.l: Proportion of schools with access to: (a) electricity; (b) the Internet for pedagogical purposes; (c) computers for pedagogical purposes; (d) adapted infrastructure and materials for students with disabilities; (e) basic drinking water; (f) single-sex basic sanitation facilities; and (g) basic handwashing facilities (as per the WASH indicator definitions)	Tier II	a) BANBEIS (BES), SHED, MoE b) DPE (APSC), MoPME c) DPE, (Annual Primary School Quality Level Survey), MoPME	a) BES b)APSC c)Annual Primary School Quality Level Survey	Annual	Primary (a) 58% (b) 0.8% (c) 0.8% (d) 34% (e) 82% schools (f) 48% schools (g) n/a Secondary (a) 86.03% (b) 72% (c) 82% (d) Ramp: 14%	2015	Primary:APSC Secondary :BES	-	• level of education	Dec-20	
4.b.1: Volume of official development	Tier I	a) ERD	-	Annual	8.76	2015	ERD	8.76 MUS\$ (2015,	• recipient country	Jul-19	



		Da	ta Source		Ba	seline D	Pata				
SDG Indicator	Tier Classification	Institution (Ministry/ Division/ Agency)	Activity (Survey/Census/ Administrative/ MIS/AI/Big Data/IoT)	Reporting Frequency	Data	Year	Source	Current Status (Year & Source)	Minimum Disaggregation Dimensions and Categories	Deadline for Data providing	Remarks
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
assistance flows for scholarships by sector and type of study		b) MoE (SHED, TMED) c) MoPME						ERD)	<ul><li> sector</li><li> type of study</li><li> donor country</li><li> type of finance</li></ul>		
4.c.1: Proportion of teachers in: (a) pre- primary; (b) primary; (c) lower secondary; and (d) upper secondary education who have received at least the minimum organized teacher training (e.g. pedagogical training) pre-service or in- service required for teaching at the relevant level in a given country	Tier II	a) BANBEIS (BES), SHED, MoE b) DPE (APSC), MoPME	a) BES b) APSC	Annual	Primary (b) Total: 73% (M: 77% F: 70%) Secondary (c) 59.61% (d) 44.10%	2015	Primary :APSC Secondary :BES	-	level of     education:     pre-primary     educationprimary     educationlower     secondary     education     upper secondary     education      sex: male/female     type of     institution:     public, private	Jan-19	

## Goal 5. Achieve gender equality and empower all women and girls

		Dat	a Source		Baseline D	ata		Current			
SDG Indicator	Tier Classification	Institution (Ministry/ Division/ Agency)	Activity (Survey/Census/ Administrative/ MIS/AI/Big Data/IoT)	Reporting Frequency	Data	Year	Source	Status (Year & Source)	Minimum Disaggregation Dimensions and Categories	Deadline for Data providing	Remarks
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
5.1.1: Whether or not legal frameworks are in place to promote, enforce and monitor equality and non-discrimination on the basis of sex	Tier II	a. LPAD b. MoWCA	Literature review through Consultation	Triennial	Articles 19, 27, 28, 29, 38 and 121 of the Constitution of the People's Republic of Bangladesh are the legal framework to promote, enforce and monitor equality and non-discrimination on the basis of sex.	2015	MoWCA	-	Not Applicable	June, 2019	Data should be provided by reviewing the documents as per the metadata scoring template
5.2.1 Proportion of ever- partnered women and girls aged 15 years and older subjected to physical, sexual or psychological violence by a current or former intimate partner in the previous 12 months, by form of violence and by age	Tier II	BBS	GBVS	Triennial	54.7%	2015	VAW Survey	54.7% (VAW Survey, 2015)	<ul> <li>Age: 15-49;15-19, 20-24, 25-29, 304-year-steps - 49</li> <li>Form of violence</li> <li>Income/ wealth</li> <li>Education</li> <li>Ethnicity</li> <li>Disability</li> <li>Frequency of violence</li> <li>Geographic location</li> </ul>	December 2020	
5.2.2 Proportion of women and girls aged 15 years and older subjected to sexual violence by persons other than an intimate partner in the previous 12 months, by	Tier II	BBS	GBVS	Triennial	6.2%	2015	VAW Survey	6.2% (VAW Survey, 2015)	ethnicity     disability	July, 2019	
5.3.1 Proportion of women aged 20-24 years who were married or in a union	Tier II	BBS	GBVS/MICS	Triennial	Before 15: 23.8% (MICS, 2012- 13) Before 18: 58.6%	2014	BDHS	Before 15: 19.3%, Before 18:	• Age: 20-24 • Income	July, 2019	



		Dat	a Source		Baseline	Data		Current			
SDG Indicator	Tier Classification	Institution (Ministry/ Division/ Agency)	Activity (Survey/Census/ Administrative/ MIS/AI/Big Data/IoT)	Reporting Frequency	Data	Year	Source	Status (Year & Source)	Minimum Disaggregation Dimensions and Categories	Deadline for Data providing	Remarks
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
before age 15 and before age 18								58.9% (BDHS, 2017)	<ul> <li>Place of residence</li> <li>Geographic location</li> <li>Education</li> <li>Ethnicity</li> </ul>		
5.3.2: Proportion of girls and women aged 15-49 years who have undergone female genital mutilation/cutting, by age	Tier II	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	<ul> <li>age: 15-49</li> <li>income</li> <li>place of residence</li> <li>geographic location</li> <li>education</li> <li>ethnicity</li> </ul>	-	Not Relevant to Bangladesh
5.4.1 Proportion of time spent on unpaid domestic and care work, by sex, age and location	Tier II	BBS	TUS/QLFS	Triennial	Female: 25.8% Male: 5%	2012	TUS	Total: 11.3 Female: 16.1 Male: 5.4 Age 15-29: 10.7 Age 30-64: 11.9 Age 65+: 6.5 (QLFS, BBS, 2015-16)  Total: 15.3 Female: 23.6 Male: 6.9 Age 15-29: 13.8 Age 30-64: 17.4 Age 65+: 7.3 (QLFS, BBS, 2016-17)	sex: female, male, both     type of household work: domestic/care	Dec-19	



		Dat	a Source		Baseline D	ata		Current			
SDG Indicator	Tier Classification	Institution (Ministry/ Division/ Agency)	Activity (Survey/Census/ Administrative/ MIS/AI/Big Data/IoT)	Reporting Frequency	Data	Year	Source	Status (Year & Source)	Minimum Disaggregation Dimensions and Categories	Deadline for Data providing	Remarks
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
5.5.1: Proportion of seats held by women in (a) national parliaments and (b) local governments	Tier II	a. LPAD b. LGD		Annual	a.20% b.23%	a.2014 b.2016	a.LPAD b. LGD	a.20% LPAD,2014 b.25.21% LGD,2018	* Type of government: nation/local  * geographical region  * sub-region  * legislature type: single, lower, parliamentary, presidential  * method of filling seats: directly/ indirectly elected, oppointed  *use of special measures		According to Rules of Business and Allocation of Business, LPAD is not responsible to provide such data. Relevant Ministries / Divisions (Election Commission and Parliament Secretariat may provide such data)
5.5.2 Proportion of women in managerial positions	Tier I	BBS	QLFS	Triennial	12.9%	2015- 16	QLFS	0.007 (QLFS, 2015-16) 0.006 (QLFS, 2016-17)	• Sex:male/female • Occupation • Economic activity: ISIC	Dec-19	
5.6.1: Proportion of women aged 15-49 years who make their own informed decisions regarding sexual relations, contraceptive use and reproductive health care	Tier II	NIPORT	BDHS	Triennial	a) SR: 14% (b) CU: 67% (c) ANC: 65%	2014	BDHS	a) SR: 14% (b) CU: 67% (c) ANC: 65% (BDHS, 2014)	<ul> <li>age: 15-49</li> <li>geographic location</li> <li>place of residence</li> <li>education</li> <li>wealth: wealth quintile</li> </ul>	September- 19	This information may be obtained from the BDHS 2017-18 Final Report, which will be available by September 2019
5.6.2: Number of countries with laws of regulations that guarantee full and equal access to women and	Tier II	LPAD	Literature review through Consultation	Triennial	In Bangladesh, there are no laws or regulations guaranteeing full and equal access to women and men to	2015	LPAD	-	• sex: male/female • age		MoFA and BBS may provide such data. Data shown in column 6,7&8 is correct



		Date	a Source		Baseline D	ata		Current			
SDG Indicator	Tier Classification	Institution (Ministry/ Division/ Agency)	Activity (Survey/Census/ Administrative/ MIS/AI/Big Data/IoT)	Reporting Frequency	Data	Year	Source	Status (Year & Source)	Minimum Disaggregation Dimensions and Categories	Deadline for Data providing	Remarks
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
men aged 15 years and older to sexual and reproductive health care, information and education					sexual and reproductive health care, information and education. However, Bangladesh, Population Policy 2012 encourages this.						(Data should be provided by reviewing the documents as per the metadata scoring template)
5.a.1: (a) Proportion of total agricultural population with ownership or secure rights over agricultural land, by sex; and (b) share of women among owners or rights-bearers of agricultural land, by type of tenure	Tier II	BBS	Agriculture Sample Census/Survey	5-Yearly	-	-	-	-	<ul><li>Sex: male/female</li><li>Type of tenure</li></ul>	June, 2019	
5.a.2: Proportion of countries where the legal framework (including customary law) guarantees women's equal rights to land ownership and/or control	Tier II	MoWCA	Literature Review	5-Yearly	-	-	-	-		January 2019	
5.b.1 Proportion of individuals who own a mobile telephone, by sex	Tier II	BBS	SVRS/QLFS/ HIES/HIES/CPHS	Annual	Both sex: 79.76%	2015	BTRC	Both sex: 78.1% Male: 83.4% Female: 72.34% Rural: 76.38% Urban: 83.73%  Never attended to school: 62.08% Primary pass:	<ul> <li>Sex: female, male, both</li> <li>Geographic location: Urban, rural</li> <li>Age</li> <li>Educational level</li> <li>Occupation</li> <li>Labour force status</li> </ul>	December, 2019	CPHS, 2018 data includes 18+ population only.



		Date	a Source		Baseline D	ata		Current			
SDG Indicator	Tier Classification	Institution (Ministry/ Division/ Agency)	Activity (Survey/Census/ Administrative/ MIS/AI/Big Data/IoT)	Reporting Frequency	Data	Year	Source	Status (Year & Source)	Minimum Disaggregation Dimensions and Categories	Deadline for Data providing	Remarks
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
								82.26% SSC pass: 91.03% HSC pass: 96.61% Degree/Honors Pass: 99.32% Masters pass: 96.90% MPhill/PhD: 100% Hafizia pass: 87.57% Qawmi pass: 100%  18-24 years: 84.80% 25-64 years: 78.82% 65+ years: 52.50% (CPHS, BBS, 2018)			
5.c.1: Proportion of countries with systems to track and make public allocations for gender equality and women's empowerment	Tier II	a) FD b) MoWCA	-	Triennial	Bangladesh has system to track and make public allocations for gender equality and women'sempowerment.	2015	FD	-	<ul> <li>achievement of meeting the requirements: yes, no</li> <li>region</li> </ul>	January 2019	Data should be provided in SDG Metadata format



### Goal 6. Ensure availability and sustainable management of water and sanitation for all

		Data	Source		Bas	seline D	ata	Current			
SDG Indicator	Tier Classification	Institution (Ministry/ Division/ Agency)	Activity (Survey/Census/ Administrative/ MIS/AI/Big Data/IoT)	Reporting Frequency	Data	Year	Source	Status (Year & Source)	Minimum Disaggregation Dimensions and Categories	Deadline for Data providing	Remarks
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
6.1.1 Proportion of population using safely managed drinking water services	Tier II	BBS	MICS	Triennial	87%	2015	UNJMP	-	<ul> <li>place of residence: urban, rural</li> <li>socioeconomic status: wealth, affordability</li> <li>drinking water services: JMP drinking water ladder (no services, basic, safely managed services)</li> <li>inequality: sub-national, gender, disadvantaged groups</li> </ul>	July, 2019	
6.2.1 Proportion of population using (a) safely managed sanitation services and (b) a handwashing facility with soap and water	Tier II	BBS	MICS	Triennial	61%	2015	UNJMP	-	socioeconomic status: wealth, affordability     drinking water services: JMP drinking water ladder (no services, basic, safely managed services)     inequality: sub-national, gender, disadvantaged groups     place of residence: urban, rural	Dec-19	
6.3.1: Proportion of wastewater safely treated	Tier II	a) DPHE, LGD b) LGD (WASA for City Corporations)	Administrative Data	Triennial	-	-	-	-	Not Applicable	December, 2020	
6.3.2: Proportion of bodies of water with good ambient water quality	Tier II	a) DPHE, LGD b) DoE, MoEF	-	Triennial	-	-	-	-	Not Applicable	June, 2019	Data will be provided in December 2020
6.4.1: Change in water-use efficiency over time	Tier II	a) DPHE, LGD b) <mark>Doe</mark> , Moef c) DAE, MoA d) WARPO, MoWR	-	Triennial	-	-	-	-	economic sector: ISIC Rev. 4= Agriculture,     Forestry and Fisheries (ISIC A); = Miningand     Quarrying (ISIC B); = Manufacturing (ISICC);     Electricity, Gas, Steam and Air Conditioning     Supply (ISIC D); = Water Supply, Sewerage,     Waste Management and Remediation Activities     (ISIC E), by = Water Collection, Treatment and	June, 2019	Data will be provided in December 2020



		Data	Source		Bas	seline D	ata	Current			
SDG Indicator	Tier Classification	Institution (Ministry/ Division/ Agency)	Activity (Survey/Census/ Administrative/ MIS/AI/Big Data/IoT)	Reporting Frequency	Data	Year	Source	Status (Year & Source)	Minimum Disaggregation Dimensions and Categories	Deadline for Data providing	Remarks
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
									Supply (ISIC 36) = Severage (ISIC37) = Construction (ISIC F) = Other inclustries (summaring industries)  • geographic location: computing the indicator by river basin, watershed or administrative units within a country.		
6.4.2: Level of water stress: freshwater withdrawal as a proportion of available freshwater resources	Tier I	a) WDB, MoWR b)BADC/ <mark>BMDA,</mark> MoA c) UNSC	irrigation of BMDA	Triennial	3.79%	2014	UNSC	surface water: 10% ground water 90% (BMDA, 2019)	<ul> <li>economic sector: agriculture</li> <li>hydrological unit of water resources: river basin, aquifers</li> </ul>	June, 2019	irrigation report of Rajshahi and Rangpur Division of BMDA
6.5.1: Degree of integrated water resources management implementation (0-100)	Tier I	WDB, MoWR	-	Triennial	-	-	-	-	IWRM: four main components     inequality: gender, vulnerable groups,     geographic coverage, stakeholder     participation in water resource development     and management	December, 2020	
6.5.2: Proportion of transboundary basin area with an operational arrangement for water cooperation	Tier I	a) MoWR (JRC) b) MoFA	-	5-yearly	-	-	-	-	Not Applicable	December, 2020	MoFA is no longer a data providing authority for this indicator. It is solely a responsibility for the Ministry of Water Resource (MoWR)
6.6.1: Change in the extent of water-related ecosystems over time	Tier I	a) DoE, MoEF b) WDB, MoWR c) BFD, MoEF	-	5-yearly	-	-	-	-	Not Applicable	December, 2020	



		Data	Source		Bas	seline D	ata	Current			
SDG Indicator	Tier Classification	Institution (Ministry/ Division/ Agency)	Activity (Survey/Census/ Administrative/ MIS/AI/Big Data/IoT)	Reporting Frequency	Data	Year	Source	Status (Year & Source)	Minimum Disaggregation Dimensions and Categories	Deadline for Data providing	Remarks
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
		d) WARPO, MoWR									
6.a.1: Amount of water- and sanitation-related official development assistance that is part of a government-coordinated spending plan	Tier I	ERD	•	Annual	301.1 MUS\$ (ERD FY15)	FY15	ERD	496.80 MUS\$ (ERD, FY 2017- 18)	• subsector: basic system, large system	Jan-19	
6.b.1: Proportion of local administrative units with established and operational policies and procedures for participation of local communities in water and sanitation management	Tier I	LGD		Bi-annual	-	-	-	-	Not Applicable	Jan-19	

### Goal 7. Ensure access to affordable, reliable, sustainable and modern energy for all

		Da	ita Source		Basel	ine Dat	α	Current			
SDG Indicator	Tier Classification	Institution (Ministry/ Division/ Agency)	Activity (Survey/Census/ Administrative/ MIS/AI/Big Data/IoT)	Reporting Frequency	Data	Year	Source	Status (Year & Source)	Minimum Disaggregation Dimensions and Categories	Deadline for Data providing	Remarks
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
7.1.1 Proportion of population with access to electricity	Tier I	BBS	SVRS	Annual	78%	2015	SVRS	85.5% (SVRS, 2017)	• geographical location: urban/ rural	July, 2019	
7.1.2 Proportion of population with primary reliance on clean fuels and technology	Tier II			Triennial	20.8%	2015	SVRS	17.72% (WB, 2017)	<ul> <li>end-use</li> <li>geographical location: urban/rural</li> <li>sex: male/female</li> <li>gender head of household</li> </ul>	December, 2019	
7.2.1: Renewable energy share in the total final energy consumption	Tier I	SREDA, PD	-	Annual	2.79%	2015	SREDA	2.79% (SREDA, 2015)	<ul> <li>solar energy: grid-/ off-grid capacity</li> <li>consumption of renewable energy: resource-/ end-use capacity</li> </ul>	Jan-19	
7.3.1: Energy intensity measured in terms of primary energy and GDP	Tier I	a) SREDA, PD b) BERC, EMRD c) <mark>HCU, EMRD</mark> d) IEA	-	Annual	2.66 Ktoe/billion BDT	2016	HCU	2.09 Ktoe/billion BDT (HCU, 2018)	sector     sectorallevel energy intensity     type of vehicle	Jan-19	Description attached
7.a.l: International financial flows to developing countries in support of clean energy research and development and renewable energy production, including in hybrid systems	Tier II	ERD	-	Annual	-	-	-	-	data in IRENA:type of technology of financial flow: bio-energy, geothermal energy, hydropower, ocean energy, solar energy, and wind energy     data in IRENA: country: source country, recipient country     data in IRENA: type of recipient:     data in IRENA: geographical location: country, region     data in IRENA: type of financial	Jul-19	



		Da	ta Source		Basel	ine Dat	a	Current		- 11:	
SDG Indicator	Tier Classification	Institution (Ministry/ Division/ Agency)	Activity (Survey/Census/ Administrative/ MIS/AI/Big Data/IoT)	Reporting Frequency	Data	Year	Source	Status (Year & Source)	Minimum Disaggregation Dimensions and Categories	Deadline for Data providing	Remarks
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
									instrument  • data in CRS: type of flow: ODA, OOF  • data in CRS:donor country  • data in CRS: recipient country  • data in CRS: type of finance  • data in CRS:type of aid: project, agriculture sub-sector		
7.b.1: Investments in energy efficiency as a proportion of GDP and the amount of foreign direct investment in financial transfer for infrastructure and technology to sustainable development services	Tier III	a) SREDA, PD b) BIDA, PMO c) ERD	-	Annual	-	-	•	-	Not Applicable	Jul-19	

Goal 8. Promote sustained, inclusive and sustainable economic growth, full and productive employment and decent work for all

		Dat	a Source		Baseli	ne Data					
SDG Indicator	Tier Classification	Institution (Ministry/ Division/ Agency)	Activity (Survey/Census/ Administrative/ MIS/AI/Big Data/IoT)	Reporting Frequency	Data	Year	Source	Current Status (Year & Source)	Minimum Disaggregation Dimensions and Categories	Deadline for Data providing	Remarks
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
8.1.1 Annual growth rate of real GDP per capita	Tier I	BBS	NAW	Annual	5.12%	FY 15	BBS	5.77% (NAW, BBS, 2016) 6.05% (NAW, BBS, 2017) 6.40% (NAW, BBS, 2018)	Not Applicable	Nov-18	
8.2.1 Annual growth rate of real GDP per employed person	Tier I	BBS	NAW/LFS	Annual	4.49%	2015	ILO	5.71% (NAW, BBS, 2015) 6.27% (NAW, BBS, 2016) 4.99% (NAW, BBS, 2017) 5.56% (NAW, BBS, 2018)	Sex: male/female     Legality of     employment:     formal, informal     Economic sector:     agriculture,     industry, services	Nov-18	
8.3.1 Proportion of informal employment in non-agriculture employment, by sex	Tier II	BBS	LFS	Triennial	77.5% (M: 74.9%, F: 88.4%)	2015- 16	QLFS	Both: 77.8% (M: 75.2%, F: 88.7%) (QLFS, 2015-16) Both: 78.0% (M: 76.0%, F: 85.5%) (QLFS, 2016-17)	<ul> <li>Sex: male/female</li> <li>Type of employment</li> </ul>	Dec-19	

		Dat	a Source		Baseli	ne Data								
SDG Indicator	Tier Classification	Institution (Ministry/ Division/ Agency)	Activity (Survey/Census/ Administrative/ MIS/AI/Big Data/IoT)	Reporting Frequency	Data	Year	Source		nt Statu & Source			Minimum Disaggregation Dimensions and Categories	Deadline for Data providing	Remarks
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8		9			10	11	12
8.4.1 Material footprint, material footprint per capita, and material footprint per GDP	Tier II	BBS	BBS	Annual	-	-	-		-			four main material categories     economic sector     type of domestic final demand sector: household consumption, government consumption, capital investment     material follow	Dec-20	Repeated 12.2.1
material consumption, domestic material consumption per capita, and domestic material consumption per GDP	1161 1	003	003	Allioui	•	-	-		-			e material follow categories: biomass, fossil fuels, metal ores, non-metallic minerals at highest disaggregation level; DMC: 11 categories; DE: 44	Dec-20	Repeated 12.2.2
8.5.1 Average	Tier II	BBS	LFS	Triennial	Average	2015-	QLFS	Occupation		(in Taka)				
hourly earnings of female and male					Monthly	16		Managers	Male 26966	Female <b>26714</b>	Total <b>26933</b>			
employees, by occupation, age and					earning: Tk. 12,897			Professionals	21803	19986	21187	• sex: female, male,		
persons with					(Male: 13,127			Technicians and Associate Professionals	17601	16411	17396	both		
disabilities					Female:12,072) 15-24: 10,862			Clerical Support Workers	15534	13863	15300	<ul> <li>occupation: ICSO classification</li> </ul>	Jul-19	
					25-34: 12,801			Service and Sales Workers	12911	12773	12897	• disability		
					35-44: 14,053 45-54: 14,857			Skilled Agricultural, Forestry and Fisheries	10096	8616	9872	• age		
					55-64: 13,160			Craft and Related Trades Workers	12058	10777	11748			
					65+: 10,844			Plant and Machine Operators, and Assembler	12517	11009	12166			



		Dat	a Source		Baseli	ne Data	l							
SDG Indicator	Tier Classification	Institution (Ministry/ Division/ Agency)	Activity (Survey/Census/ Administrative/ MIS/AI/Big Data/IoT)	Reporting Frequency	Data	Year	Source		ent Stati & Sourc			Minimum Disaggregation Dimensions and Categories	Deadline for Data providing	Remarks
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8		9			10	11	12
								Elementary Occupations	9548	8436	9289			
								Other occupations	19058	17077	18978			
								Total	13127	12072	12897			
								(QLFS, BBS, 2015-16)						
										(in Taka)				
								Occupation	Male	Female	Total			
								Managers	36133	32588	35734			
								Professionals	27009	24981	26278			
								Technicians and Associate Professionals	21267	20395	21100			
								Clerical Support Workers	16300	14821	16056			
								Service and Sales Workers	11969	11175	11841			
								Skilled Agricultural, Forestry and Fisheries	9559	7853	9284			
								Craft and Related Trades	10730	9877	10484			
								Workers Plant and Machine	12165	11256	12018			
								Operators, and Assembler						
								Elementary Occupations	8773	7297	8392			
								Other occupations	26198	22444	26060			
								Total	13583	12254	13258			
8.5.2 Unemployment	Tier I	BBS	LFS	Triennial		2015-	QLFS	(QLFS, BBS, 206-17) Age Group Mal	ılo Ec	male	Total			
rate, by sex, age	1161 1	כטט	113	Hiteimiui	(a) <i>Sex</i> Both: 4.18%	2013-	QLIJ	ŭ	0.0	12.0	10.5			
and persons with					(Male: 3.02%	16			3.9	12.4	10.1	• sex: female, male,		
disabilities					Female: 6.8%)				4.9	10.0	6.7	both		
					(b) <i>Age</i>				1.0	4.2	1.9	• age: 15-24, 15 and		
					15-24: 20.6% 25-29: 6.7%				0.6 3.0	2.4 6.8	0.9 4.2	older, 25 and older		
					30-64: 1.9%			(QLFS, BBS 2015-16)	5.0	0.0	7.2	<ul><li>disability</li></ul>		
					65+: 0.9%			Age Group Mal	ile Fe	male	Total			
								15-24 10.	.1 16	.8	12.3			



		Dai	ta Source		Baseli	ne Data					
SDG Indicator	Tier Classification	Institution (Ministry/ Division/ Agency)	Activity (Survey/Census/ Administrative/ MIS/AI/Big Data/IoT)	Reporting Frequency	Data	Year	Source	Current Status (Year & Source)	Minimum Disaggregation Dimensions and Categories	Deadline for Data providing	Remarks
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
8.6.1 Proportion of youth (aged 15-24 years) not in education, employment or training	Tier I	BBS	LFS	Triennial	28.88% (M: 9.9%, F:46.9%)	<b>2015</b> - 16	QLFS	25-34	• Age: 15-24 • Sex: female, male, both	December, 2019	
8.7.1 Proportion and number of children aged 5-17 years engaged in child labour, by sex and age	Tier II	BBS	LFS/Child Labour Survey	Triennial	Male: 953,204 (2.4%) Female: 745,690 (1.9%) 5 yr: 19,320 (0.05%) 6-11 yr: 432,188 (1.09%) 12-13 yr: 38,766 (0.10%) 14-17yr: 1208,620 (3.05%)	2013	Child Labour Survey	Total   9.2   43.9   26.8	• Sex: male/female • Age: 5-17, 5-14	July, 2019	



		Dat	ta Source		Baseli	ne Data	ı				
SDG Indicator	Tier Classification	Institution (Ministry/ Division/ Agency)	Activity (Survey/Census/ Administrative/ MIS/AI/Big Data/IoT)	Reporting Frequency	Data	Year	Source	Current Status (Year & Source)	Minimum Disaggregation Dimensions and Categories	Deadline for Data providing	Remarks
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
8.8.1 Frequency rates of fatal and non-fatal occupational injuries, by sex and migrant status	Tier II	BBS	QLFS	Triennial	Per year — a)Fatal injuries: 382 (M: 362; F: 20) b)Non-fatal injuries: 246 (M:177; F: 19 (DIFE, 2015)	2015	DIFE	a) Fatal injuries: 75 (M: 105; F: 27) b) Non-fatal injuries: 488 (M:285; F: 248) (DIFE, 2017)	sex: female, male, both     migrant status     economic activity: fatal, non-fatal     occupation	July, 2019	
8.8.2 Level of national compliance of labour rights (freedom of association and collective bargaining) based on International Labour organization (ILO) textual sources and national legislation, by sex and migrant status	Tier II	a) MoLE, b) MoEWOE	-		-	-	-	No of Trade Union-8127  Num of Trade Union Members 245814  (MoLE, 2019)	sex: female, male, both     migrant status	Dec-20	Baseline data should be provided by MOLE
8.9.1 Tourism direct GDP as a proportion of total GDP and in growth rate	Tier II	BBS	NAW/ TSA Survey	Annual	1.56%	2012	TSA Survey	a) 1.56% (TSA Survey, 2012		Dec-20	Metadata yet not published
8.9.2 Proportion of jobs in sustainable tourism industries out of total tourism jobs	Tier III	BBS	LFS	5-years	-	-	-	-		July, 2019	
8.10.1 (a) Number of commercial bank branches per 100,000 adults and	Tier I	a) FID (BB) b) IMF			(a) 8.37 (b) 6.79	2015	IMF	(a) 10309 (b) 13325 (BB, 2018)	year     region     type of economy:     developing,	Jul-19	



		Dat	a Source		Baseli	ne Data					
SDG Indicator	Tier Classification	Institution (Ministry/ Division/ Agency)	Activity (Survey/Census/ Administrative/ MIS/AI/Big Data/IoT)	Reporting Frequency	Data	Year	Source	Current Status (Year & Source)	Minimum Disaggregation Dimensions and Categories	Deadline for Data providing	Remarks
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
(b) number of automated teller machines (ATMs) per 100,000 adults									emerging, advanced		
8.10.2 Proportion of adults (15 years and older) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider	Tier I	a) FID (BB) b) WB			(a) Bank: 31% (b) F1: 29.1% (c) Mobile: 2.7%	2014	Global Findex, WB	(a) Bank: 31% (b) F1: 29.1% (c) Mobile: 2.7% (Global Findex, WB, 2014)	income education level geographic location: urban, rural gender age: 15 and older	Jul-19	
8.a.1 Aid for Trade commitments and disbursements	Tier I	a) ERD b) MoC c) WTO			a) Com: 2424.3 MUS\$ b) Disb: 910.1 MUS\$	2015	OECD- WTO	a) Com: 2424.3 MUS\$ b) Disb: 910.1 MUS\$ (OECD-WTO, 2015)	Aid for Trade commitments: donor, recipient country     Aid for Trade disbursements     type of finance     type of aid     trade policy and regulations     trade related adjustment subsectors	September 2019	
8.b.1 Existence of a developed and operationalized national strategy for youth employment, as a distinct strategy or as part of a national	Tier II	FD	-		-	-	-	-		September 2019	



		Dat	ta Source		Baseli	ne Data					
SDG Indicator	Tier Classification	Institution (Ministry/ Division/ Agency)	stry/ sion/	Current Status (Year & Source)	Minimum Disaggregation Dimensions and Categories	Deadline for Data providing	Remarks				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
employment strategy											

## Goal 9. Build resilient infrastructure, promote inclusive and sustainable industrialization and foster innovation

		Do	ıta Source			Baseline I	Data	Current	Minimum		
SDG Indicator	Tier Classification	Institution (Ministry/ Division/ Agency)	Activity (Survey/Census/ Administrative/ MIS/AI/Big Data/IoT)	Reporting Frequency	Data	Year	Source	Status (Year & Source)	Disaggregation Dimensions and Categories	Deadline for Data providing	Remarks
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
9.1.1 Proportion of the rural population who live within 2 km of an all-season road	Tier II	BBS	ARCS	Triennial	83.45%	2016	LGED	83.45% (LGED, 2016)	• District • Upazila	December, 2020	
9.2.1 Manufacturing value added as a proportion of GDP and per capita	Tier I	BBS	(NAW/SMI)	Annual	17.6%	FY 2015-16	(NAW/SMI),BBS	17.6% (NAW, BBS, FY 15) 21.74% (NAW, BBS 17)	<ul> <li>Mode of transport:         road, rail, air</li> <li>Country-pair</li> <li>City pair</li> <li>Division</li> <li>Segment: international,         domestic</li> </ul>	January, 2019	
9.2.2 Manufacturing employment as a proportion of total employment	Tier I	BBS	QLFS	Triennial	14.4%	(QLFS 2015- 2016)	LFS,BBS	14.4% (QLFS 2015- 16)	• gender	July, 2019	QLFS 2016-17 data should be provided
9.3.1 Proportion of small- scale industries in total industry value added	Tier II	BBS	SMI	Triennial	-	-	-	-	<ul><li>industrial sectors</li><li>geographical region</li></ul>	December, 2019	• SMI is being conducted in May, 2019
9.3.2 Proportion of small- scale industries with a loan or line of credit.	Tier II	BBS	SMI	Triennial	-	-	-	-		December, 2019	• SMI is being conducted in May, 2019
9.4.1 CO <sub>2</sub> emission per unit of value added	Tier I	BBS		5-Year	-	-	-	-	<ul> <li>national totals</li> <li>economic sector: manufacturing, industrial</li> </ul>	July, 2019	CO2 emission data should be provided by DOE.

		Da	ta Source			Baseline I	Data	Current	Minimum		
SDG Indicator	Tier Classification	Institution (Ministry/ Division/ Agency)	Activity (Survey/Census/ Administrative/ MIS/AI/Big Data/IoT)	Reporting Frequency	Data	Year	Source	Status (Year & Source)	Disaggregation Dimensions and Categories	Deadline for Data providing	Remarks
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
9.5.1 Research and development expenditure as a proportion of GDP	Tier I	BBS	NAW	Annual	0.3%	2015	NAW,BBS	0.3% (NAW, BBS, 2015)	sector of performance     source of funds     field of science     type of research     type of cost	December, 2020	● New survey on research sector should be conducted
9.5.2 Researchers (in full- time equivalent) per million inhabitants	Tier I	BBS	Population and Household Census	Annual	855	(MOST,2015)	Population and Housing Census, BBS	855 (MoST, 2015)	<ul> <li>sector of employment</li> <li>field of science</li> <li>sex</li> <li>age</li> </ul>	June, 2020	• Will be incorporated in PC-2021
9.a.1 Total official international support (official development assistance plus other official flows) to infrastructure	Tier I	ERD			1247 US\$M	2015	FY,ERD	1247 US\$M (ERD, FY15)	<ul> <li>type of official flow</li> <li>type of flow: ODA, OOF</li> <li>donor country</li> <li>recipient country</li> <li>type of finance</li> <li>type of aid</li> <li>sub-sector</li> </ul>		
9.b.1 Proportion of medium and high-tech industry value added in total value added.	Tier I	BBS	NAW	Annual	12.65	NAW	BBS	12.79 (NAW, BBS 2016) 12.85 (NAW, BBS, 2017) 11.57 (NAW, BBS, 2018)		December, 2019	
9.c.1 Proportion of population covered by a mobile network, by technology	Tier I	BTRC, PTD			26: 99% 36: 71%	2015	BTRC	2G 99.54% 3G 95.23% (BTRC, December 2018)	technology: at least 26/36/46 mobile network geographical location: urban, rural		



## Goal 10. Reduce inequality within and among countries

		Da	ta Source		Baselin	e Data		Current	Minimum		
SDG Indicator	Tier Classification	Institution (Ministry/ Division/ Agency)	Activity (Survey/Census/ Administrative/ MIS/AI/Big Data/IoT)	Reporting Frequency	Data	Year	Source	Status (Year & Source)	Disaggregation Dimensions and Categories	Deadline for Data providing	Remarks
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
10.1.1 Growth rates of household expenditure or income per capita among the bottom 40 per cent of the population and the total population	Tier II	BBS	HIES	Triennial	Yearly income growth of (a) bottom 40% pop <sup>n</sup> : 3.1% (b) total pop <sup>n</sup> : 6.5%	2016	HIES,BBS	Yearly income growth of (a) Bottom 40% = 7.7% (b) Total Population = 9.1% (HIES, 2016)	• income: Growth rate of income for bottom 40% and total	July, 2020	Estimates     have been     recalculated     .
10.2.1 Proportion of people living below 50 per cent of median income, by sex, age and persons with disabilities	Tier II	BBS	HIES	Triennial	15.98%	2016	HIES,BBS	15.98% (HIES, BBS, 2016)	<ul><li>Sex: male/female</li><li>Age</li><li>Disabilities</li></ul>	July, 2019	
10.3.1 Proportion of population reporting having personally felt discriminated against or harassed in the previous 12 months on the basis of a ground of discrimination prohibited under international human rights law	Tier II	BBS	CPHS	Triennial	35.6%	2018	CPHS, BBS	Total: 35.6% Male: 35.09% Female: 36.29		Dec-20	
10.4.1 Labour share of GDP, comprising wages and social protection transfers	Tier II	BBS	NAW	Triennial	-	-	-	-		June, 2021	
10.5.1: Financial Soundness Indicators	Tier I	a) FD b) FID (BB)		Triennial	-	-	-	-		Dec-20	
10.6.1: Proportion of members and voting rights of developing countries in international	Tier I	a) FD b) ERD		Annual	-	-	-	-	• international organization	Sep-19	



		Da	ta Source		Baselin	e Data		Current	Minimum		
SDG Indicator	Tier Classification	Institution (Ministry/ Division/ Agency)	Activity (Survey/Census/ Administrative/ MIS/AI/Big Data/IoT)	Reporting Frequency	Data	Year	Source	Status (Year & Source)	Disaggregation Dimensions and Categories	Deadline for Data providing	Remarks
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
organizations											
10.7.1: Recruitment cost borne by employee as a proportion of yearly income earned in country of destination	Tier II	a) BMET, MoEWOE b) BOESL, MoEWOE		Triennial	-	-	-	-		Jul-19	
10.7.2: Number of countries that have implemented well-managed migration policies	Tier II	МоЕЖОЕ		5-yearly	In Bangladesh, Expatriates' Welfare and Overseas Employment Policy 2016 has been approved in January, 2016.	2016	МоЕЖОЕ	-	• type of country		
10.a.1: Proportion of tariff lines applied to imports from least developed countries and developing countries with zerotariff	Tier I	a) WTO Cell, MoC b) UNSC		Annual	All developing countries: 50.3% LDCs: 65.1%	2015	UNSC	All developing countries: 50.3% LDCs: 65.1% (UNSC, 2015)	product sector: agriculture, textile, environmental     geographical regions	Jan-19	
10.b.1: Total resource flows for development, by recipient and donor countries and type of flow (e.g. official development assistance, foreign direct investment and other flows)	Tier II	a) ERD b) BIDA, PMO		Annual	a) ODA: 3006 MUS\$ b) FDI: 1834 MUS\$	a) 2014- 15) b) 2014- 15	a) ERD b)BIDA	a) ODA: 3006 MUS\$ (2014- 15), ERD b) FDI: 1834 MUS\$ (2014- 15), BIDA	<ul> <li>recipient country</li> <li>donor country</li> <li>type of flow: ODA, OOF, private</li> <li>type of finance</li> <li>type of aid</li> </ul>	Sep-19	
10.c.1: Remittance costs as a proportion of the amount remitted	Tier II	FID (BB)		Bi-annual	7.5%	2015	data.un.org	4.4% (BB, 2017)	type of remittance service provider: commercial banks, money transfer operators, post offices,mobile operators	Jul-19	



		Da	ta Source		Baselin	e Data		Current	Minimum		
SDG Indicator	Tier Classification	Institution (Ministry/ Division/ Agency)	Activity (Survey/Census/ Administrative/ MIS/AI/Big Data/IoT)	Reporting Frequency	Data	Year	Source	Status (Year & Source)	Disaggregation Dimensions and Categories	Deadline for Data providing	Remarks
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
									type of instrument to fund the transaction: cash, bank account, debit/credit card, mobile money     type of instrument to disburse the funds: cash, bank account (same bank), bank account (different bank), mobile money		

## Goal 11. Make cities and human settlements inclusive, safe, resilient and sustainable

		Data	Source		Baseline	Data		C			
SDG Indicator	Tier Classification	Institution (Ministry/ Division/ Agency)	Activity (Survey/Census/ Administrative/ MIS/AI/Big Data/IoT)	Reporting Frequency	Data	Year	Source	Current Status (Year & Source)	Minimum Disaggregation Dimensions and Categories	Deadline for Data providing	Remarks
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
11.1.1 Proportion of urban population living in slums, informal settlements or inadequate housing	Tier I	BBS	Census of Slum Areas and Floating Population	5-years	6.3% (only slum)	2014	BBS	(i) 55.10% (UN- Habitat, 2014) (ii) 6.3% (only slum, BBS, 2014)	<ul> <li>Potential disaggregation:location, income group, sex, race, ethnicity, religion, migration status (head of household), age(household members), disability (household members)</li> </ul>	June, 2022	·
11.2.1 Proportion of population that has convenient access to public transport, by sex, age and persons with disabilities	Tier II	BBS	APTS	Triennial	-	-	-	-	age     sex: male/female     disability	December, 2020	
11.3.1 Ratio of land consumption rate to population growth rate	Tier II	BBS	MICS (partially)	Triennial	-	-	-	-	,	December, 2019	Partial data will be available through MICS 2019
11.3.2: Proportion of cities with a direct participation structure of civil society in urban planning and management that operate regularly and democratically	Tier II	LGD		Bi-annual	-	-	-	-			
11.4.1: Total expenditure (public and private) per capita spent on the preservation, protection and conservation of all cultural and natural heritage, by type of heritage (cultural, natural, mixed and World Heritage Centre designation), level of government (national, regional and local/municipal), type of expenditure	Tier III	a) FD b) MoCA c) MoEF		Annual	-	-	-	-	<ul> <li>type of heritage</li> <li>level of government</li> <li>type of expenditure</li> <li>type of private funding</li> </ul>	Dec-20	



		Data	Source		Baseline	Data		Current			
SDG Indicator	Tier Classification	Institution (Ministry/ Division/ Agency)	Activity (Survey/Census/ Administrative/ MIS/AI/Big Data/IoT)	Reporting Frequency	Data	Year	Source	Status (Year & Source)	Minimum Disaggregation Dimensions and Categories	Deadline for Data providing	Remarks
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
(operating expenditure/investment) and type of private funding (donations in kind, private non-profit sector and sponsorship)											
11.5.1 Number of deaths, missing persons and directly affected persons attributed to disasters per 100,000 population	Tier II	BBS	BDRHS	5-yearly	Affected Persons: 12,881 per 100000	2014	BDRS, BBS	Affected Persons: 12,881 per 100000 (BDRS, BBS, 2014)	income  event  hazard type  hazard family: climatological, hydrological, meteorological, geophysical, biological, extra-terrestrial  disaster-related victims: dead, missed, directly affected  location of residence  age: sex: male/female	December, 2020	• Survey will be conduct ed in 2020
11.5.2 Direct economic loss in relation to global GDP, damage to critical infrastructure and number of disruptions to basic services, attributed to disasters	Tier II	BBS	BDRHS	5-yearly	1.3% (BDRHS, BBS)	2015	BBS	1.3% of GDP in 2014 (BDRHS, BBS, 2015)	event     hazard type: climatological, hydrological, meteorological, geophysical, biological, extra-terrestrial     asset loss category: health, education, road     transportation mode     service sector	December, 2020	
11.6.1: Proportion of urban solid waste regularly collected and with adequate final discharge out of total urban solid waste generated, by cities	Tier II	LGD (City Corporations)		Annual	-	-	-	-	type of final treatment and disposal     source of waste generation: residential, industrial, office     location: cities, towns (intraurban)	Jan-19	



		Data	Source		Baseline	Data		Current			
SDG Indicator	Tier Classification	Institution (Ministry/ Division/ Agency)	Activity (Survey/Census/ Administrative/ MIS/AI/Big Data/IoT)	Reporting Frequency	Data	Year	Source	Status (Year & Source)	Minimum Disaggregation Dimensions and Categories	Deadline for Data providing	Remarks
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
11.6.2: Annual mean levels of fine particulate matter (e.g. PM2.5 and PM10) in cities (population weighted)	Tier I	DoE, MoEF		Annual	-	-	-	-	• grid size: 0.1° x 0.1° • level of fine particulate matter: PM2.5	December, 2018	Data will be provided in December 2019
11.7.1: Average share of the built-up area of cities that is open space for public use for all, by sex, age and persons with disabilities	Tier II	a) LGD (City Corporations) b) MoHPW (Development Authorities, i.e. RAJUK, CDA, KDA, UDD etc.)		Annual	-	-	-	-	sex: male/female     age     disability	Dec-20	
11.7.2 Proportion of persons victim of physical or sexual harassment, by sex, age, disability status and place of occurrence, in the previous 12 months	Tier III	BBS	GBVS	Triennial	Female: 26.9% (VAW, BBS, 2015)		VAWS, BBS	Female: 26.9% (VAWS, BBS, 2015)	<ul><li>Sex: male/female</li><li>Age:</li><li>Place of occurrence</li><li>Disability</li></ul>	June, 2021	
11.a.1: Proportion of population living in cities that implement urban and regional development plans integrating population projections and resource needs, by size of city	Tier III	a) LGD (City Corporations) b) MoHPW (Development Authorities)		Annual	-	-	-	-	• size of city	Dec-20	
11.b.1: Number of countries that adopt and implement national disaster risk reduction strategies in line with the Sendai Framework for Disaster Risk Reduction 2015-2030	Tier I	MoDMR		Triennial	MoDMR has prepared Disaster Risk Reduction Strategies of Bangladesh (2016-2020) in line with the Sendai Framework for Disaster Risk Reduction 2015-2030 and other international protocol	2016	MoDMR	-	• location: city		



		Data	Source		Baseline	Data		Current			
SDG Indicator	Tier Classification	Institution (Ministry/ Division/ Agency)	Activity (Survey/Census/ Administrative/ MIS/AI/Big Data/loT)	Reporting Frequency	Data	Year	Source	Status (Year & Source)	Minimum Disaggregation Dimensions and Categories	Deadline for Data providing	Remarks
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
					ratified by the Government of Bangladesh.						
11.b.2: Proportion of local governments that adopt and implement local disaster risk reduction strategies in line with national disaster risk reduction strategies	Tier II	( <del>a) LGD</del> (b) MoDMR		Triennial	-	-	-	-		July, 2018	
11.c.1: Proportion of financial support to the least developed countries that is allocated to the construction and retrofitting of sustainable, resilient and resource-efficient buildings utilizing local materials	Tier III	a) ERD b) HBRI, MoHPW c) PWD, MoHPW		Annaul	-	-	-	-		July, 2019	

## Goal 12. Ensure sustainable consumption and production patterns

		Dat	ta Source		Baseline Data			Current			
SDG Indicator	Tier Classification	Institution (Ministry/ Division/ Agency)	Activity (Survey/Census/ Administrative/ MIS/AI/Big Data/IoT)	Reporting Frequency	Data	Year	Source	Status (Year & Source)	Minimum Disaggregation Dimensions and Categories	Deadline for Data providing	Remarks
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
12.1.1: Number of countries with sustainable consumption and production (SCP) national action plans or SCP mainstreamed as a priority or a target into national policies	Tier II	MoEF		Triennial	At the UN Conference on Sustainable Development (Rio+20), in June 2012, the world's Heads of States adopted the 10-Year Framework of Programmes on Sustainable Consumption and Production Patterns. This followed their reaffirmation that "fundamental changes in the way societies produce and consume are indispensable for achieving global sustainable development" (Johannesburg Plan of Implementation, 2002).	2016	MoEF		<ul> <li>ministry</li> <li>policy: macro-policy; policy instrument.</li> <li>type of macro-policy: macro-policy specifically focused on SCP; macro-policy with SCP as a key priority/objective; sectoral macro-policy with SCP objectives</li> <li>Type of instrument: regulatory/legal; economic/financial; voluntary/self-regulatory</li> <li>Policy cycle stage: Under development (initial stage); just adopted; under implementation through specific actions; has reached its end date and has been evaluated</li> <li>Year of adoption: 2002-2022</li> <li>Legal status: binding/non-binding</li> <li>Sectors: Agriculture and fishery; Buildings and construction; Consumer goods; Culture and recreation; Financial sector; Education; Energy, Food &amp; Beverage; Forestry; Environmental protection; Environmental services; Government and Civil Society; Housing; Industrial sector (Including SMEs); Scientific Research, Development and Innovation; Tourism; Transport; Waste (including Chemicals); Water</li> <li>Actors involved: national ministries or other specialized national agencies; local authorities; civil society organizations;</li> </ul>	June 2019	



		Dat	ta Source		Baseline Data			Current			
SDG Indicator	Tier Classification	Institution (Ministry/ Division/ Agency)	Activity (Survey/Census/ Administrative/ MIS/AI/Big Data/IoT)	Reporting Frequency	Data	Year	Source	Status (Year & Source)	Minimum Disaggregation Dimensions and Categories	Deadline for Data providing	Remarks
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
									scientific and technical organizations; United Nations/inter-governmental organizations; business sector  Support received from non — national partner::United Nations/inter- governmental organizations; multilateral financial institutions; bilateral organizations; international non- governmental organizations  Support received from 10YFP: encouraged the development/implementation; technical support; financial support; capacity-building activities; experience and knowledge-sharing tools; no connection to 10YFP  Support received from 10YFP programmes: sustainable public procurement; sustainable tourism; consumer information for SCP; sustainable food systems; sustainable lifestyles and education; sustainable buildings and construction; none of the above		
12.2.1: Material footprint, material footprint per capita, and material footprint per GDP	Tierll	BBS		Annual	-	-	-	-	<ul> <li>material category</li> <li>domestic final demand sector: household consumption, government consumption and capital investment</li> <li>for eign final demand</li> <li>economic sector</li> </ul>	Jun-21	Repeated 8.4.1
12.2.2: Domestic material consumption, domestic material consumption per capita, and domestic	Tierl	BBS		Annual	-	-	-	-	<ul> <li>material follow categories: biomass, fossil fuels, metal ores, non-metallic minerals at highest disaggregation level; DMC: 11 categories; DE: 44 categories</li> </ul>	Dec-20	Repeated 8.4.2



		Dat	a Source		Baseline Data			Current			
SDG Indicator	Tier Classification	Institution (Ministry/ Division/ Agency)	Activity (Survey/Census/ Administrative/ MIS/AI/Big Data/IoT)	Reporting Frequency	Data	Year	Source	Status (Year & Source)	Minimum Disaggregation Dimensions and Categories	Deadline for Data providing	Remarks
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
material consumption per GDP									• foreign final demand: export		
12.3.1 (a) Food loss index and (b) food waste index	Tier II (a)/ Tier III (b)	BBS		Annual	-	-	-	-		December, 2020	
12.4.1: Number of parties to international multilateral environmental agreements on hazardous waste, and other chemicals that meet their commitments and obligations in transmitting information as required by each relevant agreement	Tier I	DoE, MoEF		Annual	-	-	-	-	<ul> <li>agreement/convention: Stockholm/ Rotterdam/ Basel Convention on hazardous waste and other chemicals- Montreal Protocol on hazardous waste and other chemical</li> </ul>	Done	Data should be provided following SDG Metadata guidelines
12.4.2:Hazardous waste generated per capita and proportion of hazardous waste treated, by type of treatment	Tier III	BBS		Annual	-	-	-	-		Dec-20	·
12.5.1: National recycling rate, tons of material recycled	Tier III	BBS	-	Annual	-	-	-	-		Dec-20	
12.6.1: Number of companies publishing sustainability reports	Tier III	DoE, MoEF		Annual	-	-	-	-		Dec-20	
12.7.1: Number of countries implementing sustainable public procurement policies and	Tier III	CPTU, IMED		Annual	Sustainable Procurement is not incorporated in the Public Procurement Rules (PPR), 2008	2016	CPTU	-		December 2020	



		Dat	a Source		Baseline Data			Current			
SDG Indicator	Tier Classification	Institution (Ministry/ Division/ Agency)	Activity (Survey/Census/ Administrative/ MIS/AI/Big Data/IoT)	Reporting Frequency	Data	Year	Source	Status (Year & Source)	Minimum Disaggregation Dimensions and Categories	Deadline for Data providing	Remarks
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
12.8.1: Extent to which (i) global citizenship education and (ii) education for sustainable development (including climate change education) are mainstreamed in (a)	Tier III	a) MoE b) MoPME		Triennial	of Bangladesh. By 2020, PPR will conform sustainable Procurement, and by 2025, 10% of all public procurement will be sustainable. By 2030, all priority public procurement will be sustainable.	-	-	-	education policy: national education policies/ curricula/ teacher education/ students' assessment     global citizenship education/ education	Dec-20	
national education policies; (b) curricula; (c) teacher education; and (d) student assessment									for sustainable development		
12.a.1: Amount of support to developing countries on research and development for sustainable consumption and production and environmentally sound technologies	Tier III	ERD		Annual	-	-	-	-		July, 2018	
12.b.1: Number of sustainable tourism strategies or policies and implemented action plans with agreed monitoring and evaluation tools	Tier III	a) MoCAT b) BFD, MoEF c) MoCA	-	Triennial	-	-	-	-		Dec-20	



		Dat	ta Source		Baseline Data			Current			
SDG Indicator	Tier Classification	Institution (Ministry/ Division/ Agency)	Activity (Survey/Census/ Administrative/ MIS/AI/Big Data/IoT)	Reporting Frequency	Data	Year	Source	Status (Year & Source)	Minimum Disaggregation Dimensions and Categories	Deadline for Data providing	Remarks
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
12.c.l: Amount of fossil- fuel subsidies per unit of GDP (production and consumption) and as a proportion of total national expenditure on fossil fuels	Tier II	a) FD b) EMRD		Annual	-	-	-	-		Dec-20	

## Goal 13. Take urgent action to combat climate change and its impacts

		Dat	a Source		Baseline Do	ata		Current			
SDG Indicator	Tier Classification	Institution (Ministry/ Division/ Agency)	Activity (Survey/Census/ Administrative/ MIS/AI/Big Data/IoT)	Reporting Frequency	Data	Year	Source	Status (Year & Source)	Minimum Disaggregation Dimensions and Categories	Deadline for Data providing	Remarks
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
13.1.1 Number of deaths, missing persons and directly affected persons attributed to disasters per 100,000 population.	Tier II	BBS	BDRHS	5-yearly	Affected Persons: 12,881 per 100,000 people	2014	BDRS, BBS	Affected Persons: 12,881per 100,000 people in 2014 (BDRS, BBS, 2015)	income  event  hazard type  hazard family: climatological, hydrological, meteorological, geophysical, biological, extraterrestrial  disaster-related victims: dead/missed /directly affected  location of residence  age:  sex: male/female	December, 2020	
13.1.2: Number of countries that adopt and implement national disaster risk reduction strategies in line with the Sendai Framework for Disaster Risk Reduction 2015-2030	Tier I	MoDMR		Triennial	MoDMR has prepared Disaster Risk Reduction Strategies of Bangladesh (2016-2020) in line with the Sendai Framework for Disaster Risk Reduction 2015-2030 and other international protocol ratified by the Government of Bangladesh.	2016	MoDMR	-	• location: city	December 2021	
13.1.3: Proportion of local governments that adopt and implement local disaster risk reduction strategies in line with national disaster risk	Tier II	(a) LGD (b) MoDMR		Triennial	-	-	-	-		20-Dec	



		Da	ta Source		Baseline Do	ıta		Current			
SDG Indicator	Tier Classification	Institution (Ministry/ Division/ Agency)	Activity (Survey/Census/ Administrative/ MIS/AI/Big Data/IoT)	Reporting Frequency	Data	Year	Source	Status (Year & Source)	Minimum Disaggregation Dimensions and Categories	Deadline for Data providing	Remarks
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
reduction strategies											
13.2.1: Number of countries that have communicated the establishment or operationalization of an integrated policy/strategy/plan which increases their ability to adapt to the adverse impacts of climate change, and foster climate resilience and low greenhouse gas emissions development in a manner that does not threaten food production (including a national adaptation plan, nationally determined contribution, national communication, biennial update report or other)	Tier III	a) MoEF b) MoDMR		Triennial	-	-	-	-		Dec-20	
13.3.1: Number of countries that have integrated mitigation, adaptation, impact reduction and early warning into primary, secondary and tertiary curricula	Tier III	MoDMR		Triennial	-	-	-	-	climate change curricula	Dec-20	
13.3.2: Number of countries that have communicated the strengthening of institutional, systemic and individual capacity-building to implement adaptation, mitigation and technology transfer, and development actions	Tier III	a) MoDMR b) DoE, MoEF		Triennial	-	-	-	-	• type of capacity- building	Dec-20	
13.a.l: Mobilized amount of United States dollars per year between 2020 and 2025 accountable towards the \$100 billion commitment	Tier III	a) ERD b) MoEF		Annual	-	-	-	-		Jul-19	
13.b.1: Number of least developed countries and small island developing States that are receiving specialized support, and amount of support, including finance, technology and capacity-building, for mechanisms for raising capacities for effective climate change-related planning and management, including focusing on women, youth and local and marginalized communities	Tier III	ERD		Annual	-	-	-	-	LCDs/ SIDS sex: male/female age community	Jul-19	



## Goal 14. Conserve and sustainably use the oceans, seas and marine resources for sustainable development

		Da	ta Source		Ba	seline [	Data	Current			
SDG Indicator	Tier Classification	Institution (Ministry/ Division/ Agency)	Activity (Survey/Census/ Administrative/ MIS/AI/Big Data/IoT)	Reporting Frequency	Data	Year	Source	Status (Year & Source)	Minimum Disaggregation Dimensions and Categories	Deadline for Data providing	Remarks
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
14.1.1: Index of coastal eutrophication and floating plastic debris density	Tier III	a) DoE, MoEF b) MoS c) BN, MoD		Triennial	-	-	-	-		Dec-20	
14.2.1: Proportion of national exclusive economic zones managed using ecosystem-based approaches	Tier III	a) DoE, MoEF b) BFD, MoEF		Triennial	-	-	-	-		Dec-20	
14.3.1: Average marine acidity (pH) measured at agreed suite of representative sampling stations	Tier II	DoE, MoEF		Triennial	-	-	-	-		Dec-20	Data will be provided in December 2019
14.4.1 Proportion of fish stocks within biologically sustainable levels	Tier I	BBS		Annual	-	-	-	-		July, 2019	
14.5.1: Coverage of protected areas in relation to marine areas	Tier I	a) <mark>DoE</mark> , MoEF b) <mark>BFD,</mark> MoEF c) <mark>DoF,</mark> MoFL		Triennial	7.94%	2016-17	DoF	7.94% (DoF, 2016-17) 1.46 % (BFD, 2018)	material follow categories:     biomass, fossil fuels, metal     ores, non-metallic minerals     at highestdisaggregation     level; DMC: 11 categories;     DE: 44 categories     ecosystem type: marine,     terrestrial, freshwater     protected area management     category: categories I—VI	Dec-20	
14.6.1: Progress by countries in the degree of implementation of international instruments aiming to combat illegal, unreported and unregulated fishing	Tier II	a) DoF, MoFL b) BN, MoD		Triennial	-	-	-	-			



		Da	ta Source		Ba	seline D	Oata	Current			
SDG Indicator	Tier Classification	Institution (Ministry/ Division/ Agency)	Activity (Survey/Census/ Administrative/ MIS/AI/Big Data/IoT)	Reporting Frequency	Data	Year	Source	Status (Year & Source)	Minimum Disaggregation Dimensions and Categories	Deadline for Data providing	Remarks
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
14.7.1: Sustainable fisheries as a proportion of GDP in small island developing States, least developed countries and all countries	Tier II	BBS	NAW	Annual	3.29	2015	NAW, BBS	3.22 (NAW, BBS, 2016) 3.19 (NAW, BBS, 2017) 3.14 (NAW, BBS, 2018)	• Not Applicable	July, 2019	
14.a.1: Proportion of total research budget allocated to research in the field of marine technology	Tier II	FD		Annual	-	-	,	-		Jan-19	
14.b.1: Progress by countries in the degree of application of a legal/regulatory/policy/institutional framework which recognizes and protects access rights for small-scale fisheries	Tier II	DoF, MoFL		Triennial	-		-	1	size class     framework: legal     framework     / regulatory     framework/policy     framework     / institutional framework	Jul-19	
14.c.1: Number of countries making progress in ratifying, accepting and implementing through legal, policy and institutional frameworks, ocean-related instruments that implement international law, as reflected in the United Nation Convention on the Law of the Sea, for the conservation and sustainable use of the oceans and their resources	Tier III	MoFA		Triennial	-	-		-		Dec-20	No meta data for this indicator is currently available and its methodology is still under development.  By 2018, 167 countries have ratified the UNCLOS. A number of countries are in progress to ratify/accept the UNCLOS Agreement.



Goal 15. Protect, restore and promote sustainable use of terrestrial ecosystems, sustainably manage forests, combat desertification, and halt and reverse land degradation and halt biodiversity loss

		Data	Source		Baseline	Data					
SDG Indicator	Tier Classification	Institution (Ministry/ Division/ Agency)	Activity (Survey/Census/ Administrative/ MIS/AI/Big Data/IoT)	Reporting Frequency	Data	Year	Source	Current Status (Year & Source)	Minimum Disaggregation Dimensions and Categories	Deadline for Data providing	Remarks
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
15.1.1: Forest area as a proportion of total land area	Tier I	BFD, MoEF		Annual	14.47% (Excluding inland water area)	2018	BFD	14.47% (As up 2018)		December, 2020	Forest area can be generated periodically based on availability of satellite image
15.1.2: Proportion of important sites for terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity that are covered by protected areas, by ecosystem type	Tier I	a) DOE, MOEF b) DOF, MOFL c) BFD, MOEF		Annual	a) Terrestrial: 1.7% b) Freshwater: 1.8%	a) 2014- 15 b) 2013- 14	a) MoEF b) MoEF	a)Terrestrial: 1.7% (2014-15, MoEF) b) Freshwater: 1.8% (2013-14, MoEF) a) Terrestrial: 3.08% (December,2018; Forest Department)	division     protected area management categories: categories I—VI     ecosystem type: marine, terrestrial, freshwater	December, 2018	Data already has been provided.
15.2.1: Progress towards sustainable forest management	Tier I	BFD, MoEF		Triennial	forest area: -0.23% stock of carbon: 45.3 m. tons Share of forest area whose primary designated function is biodiversity: 18.69% 15,2,1,4: Share of forest area under forest management	2018	BFD	forest area: - 0.23% stock of carbon: 45.3 m. tons Share of forest area whose primary designated function is biodiversity:		December, 2020	Data can be generated periodically based field inventory. Data on carbon stock is not available prior to 2018. Hence, here we are providing only total stock instead of percentage change.

		Data	Source		Baseline	Data					
SDG Indicator	Tier Classification	Institution (Ministry/ Division/ Agency)	Activity (Survey/Census/ Administrative/ MIS/AI/Big Data/IoT)	Reporting Frequency	Data	Year	Source	Current Status (Year & Source)	Minimum Disaggregation Dimensions and Categories	Deadline for Data providing	Remarks
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
					plan : 35%			18.69% 15,2,1,4: Share of forest area under forest management plan: 35%			
15.3.1: Proportion of land that is degraded over total land area	Tier II	BBS	Agriculture Census	Bi-annual	-	-	-	-	land cover class     spatially explicit land     unit	July, 2020	
15.4.1: Coverage by protected areas of important sites for mountain biodiversity	Tier I	a) BFD, MOEF b) MoCHTA		Bi-annual	0.0102%	2018	BFD	0.0102% (2018)	division     protected area management category: categories I—VI     ecosystem type: marine, terrestrial, freshwater	December, 2019	Data can be generated periodically based field inventory
15.4.2: Mountain Green Cover Index	Tier I	a) <mark>BFD</mark> , MoEF b) MoCHTA	ī	Annual	95%	2018	BFD	<mark>0.0102%</mark>	mountain elevation class	December, 2019	Data can be generated periodically based field inventory
15.5.1: Red List Index	Tier I	a) MoEF b <mark>) BFD,</mark> MoEF		Annual	a) Mammals: 0.55 b) Birds: 0.91 c) Reptiles: 0.76 d) Amphibians: 0.85 e) Fresh Water Fish: 0.81 f) Crustaceans: 0.90 g) Butterflies: 0.64	2015	IUCN	a) Mammals: 0.55 b) Birds: 0.91 c) Reptiles: 0.76 d) Amphibians: 0.85 e) Fresh Water Fish: 0.81 f) Crustaceans: 0.90 g) Butterflies: 0.64 (IUCN, 2015)	<ul> <li>division</li> <li>political division</li> <li>taxonomic subsets</li> <li>suites of species         relevant to particular         international treaties         or legislation</li> <li>by suites of species</li> </ul>	December, 2020	Data can be generated after another doing field survey



		Data	Source		Baseline	Data					
SDG Indicator	Tier Classification	Institution (Ministry/ Division/ Agency)	Activity (Survey/Census/ Administrative/ MIS/AI/Big Data/IoT)	Reporting Frequency	Data	Year	Source	Current Status (Year & Source)	Minimum Disaggregation Dimensions and Categories	Deadline for Data providing	Remarks
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
									exposed to particular threatening processes  • by suites of species that deliver particular ecosystem services, or have particular biological or life-history traits  • species  • ecosystem type  • habitat  • geographic division		
15.6.1: Number of countries that have adopted legislative, administrative and policy frameworks to ensure fair and equitable sharing of benefits	Tier I	a) MoEF		Triennial	Bangladesh Biological Diversity Act-2017 covered the legislative, administrative and policy frameworks to ensure fair and equitable sharing of benefits	2016	MoEF	-	framework: legal framework/ administrative framework/policy framework     regional group     membership to a specific regional organization     status as Parties or non-Parties to the Protocol		
15.7.1: Proportion of traded wildlife that was poached or illicitly trafficked	Tier II	a) <mark>BFD</mark> , MoEF <mark>b) DoE, MoEF</mark>		Annual	-	-	-	-		December, 2019	a) Data on traded wildlife not available b) DoE is not responsible for this indicator.



		Data	Source		Baseline	Data					
SDG Indicator	Tier Classification	Institution (Ministry/ Division/ Agency)	Activity (Survey/Census/ Administrative/ MIS/AI/Big Data/loT)	Reporting Frequency	Data	Year	Source	Current Status (Year & Source)	Minimum Disaggregation Dimensions and Categories	Deadline for Data providing	Remarks
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
15.8.1: Proportion of countries adopting relevant national legislation and adequately resourcing the prevention or control of invasive alien species	Tier II	MoEF		Triennial	BFD and MoEF have been taking initiative to formulate IAS & CBD related documents. Invasive Alien Species (IAS) and Biosecurity related legislation will be adapted by 2020 and will be fully operational by 2025.	2016	MoEF	-			
15.9.1: Progress towards national targets established in accordance with Aichi Biodiversity Target 2 of the Strategic Plan for Biodiversity 2011-2020	Tier III	a) MoEF b) BFD, MoEF		Triennial	-	-	-	-		December, 2020	
15.a.l: Official development assistance and public expenditure on conservation and sustainable use of biodiversity and ecosystems	Tier III	a) ERD b) FD c) MoEF d) MoA e) UNSTATS		Annual	41.07	2015	UNSTATS, constant US\$ Million)	41.07 (2015, UNSTATS, constant US\$ Million)	<ul> <li>donor country</li> <li>recipient country</li> <li>type of finance</li> <li>type of aid</li> <li>sector</li> </ul>	Dec-20	
15.b.1: Official development assistance and public expenditure on conservation and sustainable use of biodiversity and	Tier III	a) ERD b) FD c) MoEF d) MoA e) UNSTATS		Annual	41.07	2015	UNSTATS, constant US\$ Million)	41.07 (2015, UNSTATS, constant US\$ Million)		July, 2019	



		Data	Source		Baseline	Data					
SDG Indicator	Tier Classification	Institution (Ministry/ Division/ Agency)	Activity (Survey/Census/ Administrative/ MIS/AI/Big Data/IoT)	Reporting Frequency	Data	Year	Source	Current Status (Year & Source)	Minimum Disaggregation Dimensions and Categories	Deadline for Data providing	Remarks
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
ecosystems											
15.c.1: Proportion of traded wildlife that was poached or illicitly trafficked	Tier II	a <mark>) BFD,</mark> MoEF b) DoE, MoEF		Annual		-	-	-		Dec-20	DoE is not responsible for this indicator

Goal 16. Promote peaceful and inclusive societies for sustainable development, provide access to justice for all and build effective, accountable and inclusive institutions at all levels

		Do	ıta Source		Baselir	ne Data		Current	Minimum		
SDG Indicator	Tier Classification	Institution (Ministry/ Division/ Agency)	Activity (Survey/Census/ Administrative/ MIS/AI/Big Data/IoT)	Reporting Frequency	Data	Year	Source	Status (Year & Source)	Disaggregation Dimensions and Categories	Deadline for Data providing	Remarks
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
16.1.1 Number of victims of intentional homicide per 100,000 population, by sex and age	Tier I	BP, PSD, MoHA			Total: 1.8 Male: 1.4 Female: 0.4	2015	МоНА	Total: 1.8 Male: 1.4 Female: 0.4 (2015, PSD, MoHA)	sex: male/female age relationship of victim and penetrator: intimate partner, other family member, acquaintance means of perpetration: firearm, blunt object situational context/motivation: organized crime, intimate partner violence	December, 2018	
16.1.2Conflict-related deaths per 100,000 population, by sex, age and cause	Tier III	BP, PSD, Moha	-		-	-	-	-	<ul> <li>product sector: agriculture, textile, environmental</li> </ul>	Dec-20	
16.1.3 Proportion of population subjected to (a) physical violence, (b) psychological violence and (c) sexual violence in the previous 12 months	Tier II	BBS	VAWS	Triennial	Female:57.7%	2015	VAWS, BBS	Female: 57.7% (VAWS, 2015)		July, 2020	·

SDG Indicator		Da	ta Source		Baselin	e Data		Current	Minimum	- "	
SDG Indicator	Tier Classification	Institution (Ministry/ Division/ Agency)	Activity (Survey/Census/ Administrative/ MIS/AI/Big Data/IoT)	Reporting Frequency	Data	Year	Source	Status (Year & Source)	Disaggregation Dimensions and Categories	Deadline for Data providing	Remarks
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
16.1.4 Proportion of population that feel safe walking alone around the area they live	Tier II	BBS	MICS (partial)/ CPHS	Triennial	Always: 85.85% (Male: 87.88%, Female: 83.71%) Sometimes: 9.55% (Male: 8.35%, Female: 10.82%)	2018	CPHS, BBS	Always: 85.85% (Male: 87.88%, Female: 83.71%) Sometimes: 9.55% (Male: 8.35%, Female: 10.82%) (CPHS, BBS, 2018)	● Sex: male/female	July, 2021	
16.2.1 Proportion of children aged 1-17 years who experienced any physical punishment and/or psychological aggression by caregivers in the past month	Tier II	BBS	MICS <mark>(partial)</mark> /GBVS	Triennial	-	-	-	-	<ul> <li>Age: 1-14</li> <li>Sex: male/female</li> <li>Income</li> <li>Place of residence</li> <li>Geographic location</li> </ul>	July, 2019	
16.2.2 Number of victims of human trafficking per 100,000 population, by sex, age and form of exploitation	Tier II	a) BGB, MoHA b) BP, PSD, MoHA	-		0.85 (M: 0.53; F 0.32)	2015	МоНА	0.85 (M: 0.53; F 0.32) (MoHA, 2015)	sex: male/female     age     form of     exploitation	December, 2018	
16.2.3 Proportion of young women and men aged 18-29 years who experienced sexual	Tier II	BBS	GBVS	Triennial	Female:3.45%	2015	VAW Survey ,BBS	Female: 3.45% (VAWS, 2015)	<ul> <li>Sex: female, male, both</li> <li>Age: 18 - 29</li> <li>Income</li> </ul>	June, 2020	·



		Do	ita Source		Baselir	ne Data		Current	Minimum	<b>.</b>	
SDG Indicator	Tier Classification	Institution (Ministry/ Division/ Agency)	Activity (Survey/Census/ Administrative/ MIS/AI/Big Data/IoT)	Reporting Frequency	Data	Year	Source	Status (Year & Source)	Disaggregation Dimensions and Categories	Deadline for Data providing	Remarks
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
violence by age 18									<ul><li>Place of residence</li><li>Geographic location</li><li>Marital status</li><li>Education</li></ul>		
. 16.3.1 Proportion of victims of violence in the previous 12 months who reported their victimization to	Tier II	BBS	GBVS	Triennial	Female:2.45%	2015	VAWS,BBS	Female: 2.45% (VAWS, 2015)		December, 2019	
competent authorities or other officially recognized conflict resolution mechanisms										2019	
16.3.2 Unsentenced detainees as a proportion of overall prison population	Tier I	Department of Prison, SSD, MoHA	Administrative Record	Annual	76.5%	2016	DoP, SSD	79.31% (DoP, 2017) 83.60% (DoP, 2018)	<ul> <li>Age</li> <li>Sex: male/female</li> <li>Length of pre-trial (unsentenced) detention</li> </ul>	July, 2019	
16.5.1 Proportion of persons who had at least one contact with a public official and who paid a bribe to a public official, or were asked for a bribe by those public officials, during the previous 12 months	Tier II	BBS	CPHS	Triennial	Total: 31.32% Male: 28.91% Female: 35.02%	2018	CPHS, BBS	Total: 31.32% Male: 28.91% Female: 35.02% (CPHS, BBS, 2018)	-	July, 2020	



		Do	ita Source		Baselin	e Data		Current	Minimum	- III	
SDG Indicator	Tier Classification	Institution (Ministry/ Division/ Agency)	Activity (Survey/Census/ Administrative/ MIS/AI/Big Data/IoT)	Reporting Frequency	Data	Year	Source	Status (Year & Source)	Disaggregation Dimensions and Categories	Deadline for Data providing	Remarks
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
16.5.2 Proportion of businesses that had at least one contact with a public official and that paid a bribe to a public official, or were asked for a bribe by those public officials during the previous 12 months	Tier II	WB/BBS	Not decided	Triennial	41.0%	2013	ES, WB	41.0% (ES, WB, 2013)	<ul> <li>gender</li> <li>primary business activity of the firm</li> <li>sub-national location of the firm</li> <li>exporting status</li> <li>number of employees</li> <li>degree of foreign ownership</li> </ul>	December, 2020	Globally WB is responsible to provide data
16.6.2 Proportion of population satisfied with their last experience of public services	Tier II	BBS	CPHS	Triennial	39.69%	2018	CPHS, BBS	39.69% (CPHS, BBS, 2018)		July, 2020	
16.7.1 Proportions of positions (by sex, age, persons with disabilities and population groups) in public institutions (national and local legislatures, public service, and judiciary) compared to national distributions	Tier III	a) MoPA b) LGD c) LPAD d) LJD			-	-	-	-	<ul> <li>sex: male/female</li> <li>age</li> <li>disability</li> <li>population groups</li> <li>type of public institution</li> </ul>	July, 2019	
16.7.2 Proportion of population who believe decision-making is inclusive and responsive, by sex, age, disability and population group	Tier II	BBS	CPHS	Triennial	-	-	-	-	sex: male/female     age     disability     population group	January, 2019	Metadata yet to be published



		Do	ıta Source		Baselin	e Data		Current	Minimum		
SDG Indicator	Tier Classification	Institution (Ministry/ Division/ Agency)	Activity (Survey/Census/ Administrative/ MIS/AI/Big Data/IoT)	Reporting Frequency	Data	Year	Source	Status (Year & Source)	Disaggregation Dimensions and Categories	Deadline for Data providing	Remarks
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
16.8.1 Proportion of members and voting rights of developing countries in international organizations	Tier I	a) FD b) ERD		Triennial	-	-	-	-	• institutional organization	July, 2019	
16.9.1 Proportion of children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a civil authority, by age	Tier I	BBS	MICS	Triennial	37%	2012- 13	MICS, BBS	-	<ul> <li>sex: male/female</li> <li>age: under 5 years</li> <li>geographic location</li> <li>income</li> <li>place of residence</li> </ul>	December, 2020	
16.10.1 Number of verified cases of killing, kidnapping, enforced disappearance, arbitrary detention and torture of journalists, associated media personnel, trade unionists and human rights advocates in the previous 12 months	Tier II	a) BP, MoHA b) Registrar, Supreme Courtc) NHRC		Annual	-	-	•	-	type of violation     profession/area of work     ethnicity     sex: male/female     age     income     geographic location     disability     religion     migratory or displacement status     gender     minority or indigenous status     relevant characteristics of the perpetrator     sexual orientation	July 2019	
16.10.2 Number of countries that adopt		MoFA (UPR)	UNESCO		Right to Information Act 2 Bangladesh. The Act makes			-	• geographic location: rural,	July 2019	Data on the existence of freedom of information



	Data Source Baseline Data  Tier Institution Activity Reporting							Current	Minimum	- "	
SDG Indicator	Tier Classification	Institution (Ministry/ Division/ Agency)	Activity (Survey/Census/ Administrative/ MIS/AI/Big Data/IoT)	Reporting Frequency	Data	Year	Source	Status (Year & Source)	Disaggregation Dimensions and Categories	Deadline for Data providing	Remarks
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
and implement constitutional, statutory and/or policy guarantees for public access to information	Tier II				flow of information and people's right to information. The freedom of thought, conscience and speech is recognized in the Constitution as a fundamental right and the right to information is an alienable part of it. In line with the act, an Independent Information Commission has also been established.  According to the constitution of the People's Republic of				peri-rural, urban, peri-urban • gender • disability		laws are available for at least 195 countries. However, for future data collection and analysis, efforts are underway to ensure that the data is analyzed to yield information on aspects relating to how FOI laws are actually "implemented", rather than just their existence.
16.a.1 Existence of independent national human rights institutions in compliance with the Paris Principles		a) <mark>MoFA</mark> <mark>(UPR)</mark> b) NHRC	UNCHR		Bangladesh, the main aim of the state is to protect, promote and ensure human rights. In accordance with the provision of National Human Rights Commission Act 2009, a statutory independent National Human Rights Commission has been established in the country. The purpose of establishing such splendid institution is to contribute to the embodiment of human dignity and integrity as well as to the safeguard of the basic order of democracy so that inalienable fundamental human rights of all individuals are protected and the standards of human rights are improved in the country.			Total countries reviewed: 122	Fully compliant with the Paris Principles: 79  Partially compliant with the Paris Principles: 33 (including Bangladesh)  Non-compliance with the Paris Principles: 10	July 2019	
16.b.1 Proportion of population reporting having personally felt discriminated against or harassed in the previous 12 months on the basis of a ground of discrimination	Tier II	BBS	CPHS	Triennial	35.6%	2018	CPHS, BBS	Total: 35.6% Male: 35.09% Female: 36.29		July 2019	



		Data Source			Baselin	e Data		Current	Minimum		
SDG Indicator	Tier Classification	Institution (Ministry/ Division/ Agency)	Activity (Survey/Census/ Administrative/ MIS/AI/Big Data/IoT)	Reporting Frequency	Data	Year	Source	Status (Year & Source)	Disaggregation Dimensions and Categories	Deadline for Data providing	Remarks
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
prohibited under international human rights law								(CPHS, BBS, 2018)			

# Goal 17. Strengthen the means of implementation and revitalize the Global Partnership for Sustainable Development

			Data Source		Baselin	e Data			Minimum	<b>a</b> III:	
SDG Indicator	Tier Classification	Institution (Ministry/ Division/ Agency)	Activity (Survey/Census/ Administrative/ MIS/AI/Big Data/IoT)	Reporting Frequency	Data	Year	Source	Current Status (Year & Source)	Disaggregation Dimensions and Categories	Deadline for Data providing	Remarks
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	g	10	11	12
17.1.1: Total government revenue as a proportion of GDP, by source	Tier I	a) NBR, IRD b) FD		Annual	9.6%	FY15	FD	9.6% (FD, FY15)	<ul> <li>source of support</li> <li>donor</li> <li>recipient country</li> <li>type of finance</li> <li>type of aid</li> </ul>	Jan-19	
17.1.2: Proportion of domestic budget funded by domestic taxes	Tier I	FD		Annual	63%	FY15	FD	63% (FD, FY15)		Jan-19	
17.2.1: Net official development assistance, total and to least developed countries, as a proportion of the Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) Development Assistance Committee donors' gross national income (GNI)	Tier I	ERD		Annual	a)Total net ODA: 131.6 billion US\$ b) Total net ODA to LDCs: 37.3 billion US\$ c) Net ODA to Bangladesh: 3.00 billion US\$	(OECD, 2015 & ERD, 2015)	OECD & ERD	a)Total net ODA: 131.6 billion US\$ b) Total net ODA to LDCs: 37.3 billion US\$ c) Net ODA to Bangladesh: 3.00 billion US\$ (OECD, 2015 & ERD, 2015)	<ul> <li>source of support</li> <li>donor</li> <li>recipient country</li> <li>type of finance</li> <li>type of aid</li> <li>sub-sector</li> </ul>	Sep-19	



			Data Source		Baselii	ne Data			Minimum		
SDG Indicator	Tier Classification	Institution (Ministry/ Division/ Agency)	Activity (Survey/Census/ Administrative/ MIS/AI/Big Data/IoT)	Reporting Frequency	Data	Year	Source	Current Status (Year & Source)	Disaggregation Dimensions and Categories	Deadline for Data providing	Remarks
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	g	10	11	12
17.3.1: Foreign direct investments (FDI), official development assistance and South-South Cooperation as a proportion of total domestic budget	Tier I	a) BIDA, PMO b) ERD		Annual	(a) FDI: 5.7% (b) ODA: 11.6%	(a)FY 15 (b) FY 15)	(a) (BIDA, (b) ERD	(a) FDI: 5.7% (BIDA, FY 15) (b) ODA: 11.6% (ERD, FY 15)	• type of flow: FDI/ ODA/ SSC	September 2019	
17.3.2: Volume of remittances (in United States dollars) as a proportion of total GDP	Tier I	FID (BB)		Annual	7.85%	FY 15	BB	14981.7 (BB, FY 17-18)		Jul-19	
17.4.1: Debt service as a proportion of exports of goods and services	Tier I	a) ERD b) FD		Annual	5.12%	FY15	ERD	5.12% (ERD, FY15)		Sep-19	
17.5.1: Number of countries that adopt and implement investment promotion regimes for least developed countries	Tier III	a) BIDA, PMO b) NBR, IRD		Triennial	-	-	-	-			
17.6.1: Number of science and/or technology cooperation agreements and programmes between countries, by type of cooperation	Tier III	a) MoST b) MoFA c) ERD		Triennial	-	-	-	-	• type of cooperation		
17.6.2: Fixed Internet broadband subscriptions per 100 inhabitants, by speed	Tier I	BTRC, PTD		Annual	2.41	2015	BTRC	96.36% December 2018	speed: 10 MB/     265KL2M/ 2L10MB     geographic location:     urban, rural	Jul-19	
17.7.1: Total amount of approved funding for developing countries to promote the development, transfer, dissemination and diffusion of environmentally sound technologies	Tier III	ERD		Annual	-	-	-	-			



SDG Indicator			Data Source		Baselin	e Data			Minimum		Remarks
	Tier Classification	Institution (Ministry/ Division/ Agency)	Activity (Survey/Census/ Administrative/ MIS/AI/Big Data/IoT)	Reporting Frequency	Data	Year	Source	Current Status (Year & Source)	Disaggregation Dimensions and Categories	Deadline for Data providing	Remarks
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
17.8.1: Proportion of individuals using the Internet	Tier I	BBS	SVRS/MICS (partial)/QLFS/CPHS/ICTUS	Annual	30.39	2015	BTRC	49.5% (BTRC, 2017)	division geographic location urban, rural sex: male/female age labour force status educational level occupation	Jul-19	
17.9.1: Dollar value of financial and technical assistance (including through North-South, South-South and triangular cooperation) committed to developing countries	Tier I	a) FID (BB) b) ERD		Annual	570.8 MUS\$	2015	ERD	570.8 MUS\$ (ERD, 2015)	<ul> <li>type of cooperation:         North-South         cooperation/South-South cooperation/         triangular         cooperation</li> <li>type of flow: ODA,         OOF</li> <li>donor</li> <li>recipient country</li> <li>type of finance</li> <li>type of aid</li> <li>sector</li> </ul>	July, 2019	
17.10.1: Worldwide weighted tariff-average	Tier I	a) BTC, MoC b) WTO Cell, MoC		Annual	4.85%	2015	МоС	4.85% (MoC, 2015)	<ul> <li>product sector:         Agriculture, Textile,         Environmental</li> <li>geographic location</li> <li>type of country:         Developed,         Developing, LDCs</li> </ul>		
17.11.1: Developing countries' and least developed countries' share of global exports	Tier I	МоС		Annual	a) Global Service Exports => Developing: 31.04%;	2015	UNSTATS	a) Global Service Exports => Developing: 31.04%;	-	Sep-19	



SDG Indicator			Data Source		Baselin	e Data			Minimum	- "	
	Tier Classification	Institution (Ministry/ Division/ Agency)	Activity (Survey/Census/ Administrative/ MIS/AI/Big Data/IoT)	Reporting Frequency	Data	Year	Source	Current Status (Year & Source)	Disaggregation Dimensions and Categories	Deadline for Data providing	Remarks
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
					LDCs: 0.84% b) Global Merchandise Exports => Developing: 44.56%; LDCs: 0.94% c) Global Service Imports => Developing: 39.20%; LDCs: 1.68% d) Global Merchandise Imports=> Developing: 42.19%; LDC: 1.45%			LDCs: 0.84% b) Global Merchandise Exports => Developing: 44.56%; LDCs: 0.94% c) Global Service Imports => Developing: 39.20%; LDCs: 1.68% d) Global Merchandise Imports=> Developing: 42.19%; LDC: 1.45% (2015, UNSTATS)			
17.12.1: Average tariffs faced by developing countries, least developed countries and small island developing States	Tier I	BTC, MoC		Annual	a) MFN: 8.25% b) Preferential: 3.88%	2014	MoC	a) MFN: 8.25% b) Preferential: 3.88% (MoC, 2014)	<ul> <li>type of country:         Developed,         Developing, LDCs         product sector         geographic location     </li> </ul>	July 2019	
17.13.1: Macroeconomic Dashboard	Tier II	BBS	NAW	Annual	-	-	-	-		July, 2019	Standard metadata yet to be published.
17.14.1: Number of countries with mechanisms in place to enhance policy coherence of sustainable development	Tier III	a) GED b) MoEF		Triennial	-	-	-	-		Dec-20	
17.15.1: Extent of use of country-owned results frameworks and planning tools by providers of development cooperation	Tier II	a) GED b) ERD		Bi-annual	a) new development interventions drawn from country led RF: 82.9% b) result indicators drawn from country led RF: 56.6%	2017	OECD & UNDP	a) new development interventions drawn from country led RF: 82.9% b) result indicators drawn from country led RF: 56.6%	<ul><li>provider</li><li>sector</li><li>development project</li></ul>	Sep-1 <b>9</b>	



			Data Source		Baselin	e Data			Minimum	- "	
SDG Indicator	Tier Classification	Institution (Ministry/ Division/ Agency)	Activity (Survey/Census/ Administrative/ MIS/AI/Big Data/IoT)	Reporting Frequency	Data	Year	Source	Current Status (Year & Source)	Disaggregation Dimensions and Categories	Deadline for Data providing	Remarks
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
					c) results framework which will be monitored using government sources and monitoring system: 51.5%			c) results framework which will be monitored using government sources and monitoring system: 51.5% (OECD & UNDP, 2017)			
Indicator 17.16.1: Number of countries reporting progress in multi-stakeholder development effectiveness monitoring frameworks that support the achievement of the sustainable development goals	Tier II	ERD		Bi-annual	Bangladesh is developing a new national development co-operation policy and a Joint Co-operation Strategy that will integrate the national development priorities with the Sustainable Development Goals.			-	• region	September 2019	
17.17.1: Amount of United States dollars committed to public-private and civil society partnerships	Tier III	a) NGOAB, PMO b) PPPA, PMO c) ERD		Annual	-	-	-	-	• kind of partnership	September 2019	
17.18.1: Proportion of sustainable development indicators produced at the national level with full disaggregation when relevant to the target, in accordance with the Fundamental Principles of Official Statistics	Tier III	SDG Cell, SID	Administrative Records	5-yearly	-	-	-	-		December 2020	
17.18.2 Number of countries that have national statistical legislation that complies with the Fundamental Principles of Official Statistics	Tier II	SDG Cell, SID	Literature Review	5-yearly	Bangladesh has Statistics Act, 2013 which is under review to comply with the FPOS.	2018	BBS	A committee has been formed in BBS to review the act and put the recomendations	Not Applicable	December 2019	



SDG Indicator			Data Source		Baselin	e Data			Minimum		
	Tier Classification	Institution (Ministry/ Division/ Agency)	Activity (Survey/Census/ Administrative/ MIS/AI/Big Data/IoT)	Reporting Frequency	Data	Year	Source	Current Status (Year & Source)	Disaggregation Dimensions and Categories	Deadline for Data providing	Remarks
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
17.18.3: Number of countries with national statistical plan that is fully funded and under implementation, by source of funding	Tier I	SDG Cell, SID	Literature Review	5-yearly	BBS has approved NSDS covering 2014-2023 which need to be updated	2018	BBS	A project has been taken to support NSDS implementation (BBS, 2019)	Not Applicable	Jan-19	
17.19.1 Dollar value of all resources made available to strengthen statistical capacity in developing countries	Tier I	SDG Cell, SID	Administrative Records	Annual	-	-	-	-	<ul> <li>geographical area</li> <li>ODA sectors</li> <li>area of statistics</li> <li>method of financing: grant, loan</li> </ul>	Jul-19	
17.19.2: Proportion of countries that (a) have conducted at least one population and housing census in the last 10 years; and (b) have achieved 100 per cent birth registration and 80 per cent death registration	Tier I	(a) BBS	Administrative Record	Annual	Next Population and Housing Census will be held in 2021	2018	BBS	A project has been submitted to Planning Commission to conduct Population and Housing Census 2021	sub-national administrative areas     income     geographical location     sex: male/female     age     disability	July, 2019	

